Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869. NUMBER 110.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Parade of Sabbath School Children—Crowd at the White House—Government Receipes and Expenditures—Spanish Mission, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1869.

SCHOOL PARADE.

About one thousand five hundred pupils of the South Washington Sabbath Schools paraded this morning, and proceeding to the Executive mansion were received in the East Room by the President, who expressed his pleasure at meeting so many cheerful and innocent faces. The scholars sang several hymns and then filed past him in taking their leave. It was intended to have a parade of all the Protestant Sabbath Schools, as heretofore, but the question of including colored organizations defeated the purpose.

CROWD AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

A large crowd of visitors thronged the ante-room of the Executive Mansion this morning. Among those who paid their respects to the President were the Captain and other officers of the French schoolship Jean Bart, and a delegation from the Baltimore Association with reference to aiding and advising friends in North Carolina with reference to the establishment of schools.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

The receipts of the United States for the quarter ending March 31st were $138,178,054 95, including $49,589,534 43 from customs, and $32,599,537 48 from internal revenue. The expenditures for the same period, exclusive of principal on the public debt, but including interest thereon, amounting to $38,272,709 08, were $79,384,039 06, and including redemption of public debt, $157,773,365 60.

FALSE REPORT.

Mr. Hall, acting Vice Consul General at Havana, has called the attention of the State Department to a notice published the 29th of April, stating that James Morton, an American citizen, an engineer, had been murdered by volunteers, and says: "From all the information I have been able to obtain, there is no truth whatever in the report."

NO RESIGNATIONS.

It is not true that a number of new Consuls have resigned. One of them, who offered his resignation, recalled it to-day. The commissions of all, with perhaps two exceptions, have been delivered.

THE BRITISH MISSION.

The British Minister had a long interview with the Secretary of State. Minister Motley's instructions are completed. Assistant Secretary of Legation, Mr. Badeau, will accompany Mr. Motley to England on the 19th inst.

RESTITUTION ASKED.

Mr. Casanova, who was imprisoned and had property confiscated in Cuba, has arrived here and asks Secretary Fish to demand restitution of the property as that of an American citizen.

EXAMINING BOARD.

The President has directed a board of officers to assemble in New York on the 19th inst., for the examination of Brev. Brig. Gen. Adam Badeau, 1st Lieutenant U. S. A., for retirement.

MINISTER TO SPAIN.

The commission of Daniel E. Sickles, as Minister to Spain, which was prepared at the State Department on Saturday, was signed by President Grant to-day.

REQUEST REFUSED.

The acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue has denied the request of Clark, Dodge & Co. for a re-examination of the tax assessed on brokers' sales.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

The State Department has not, within the last week, received any official advices from Havana relative to the insurrection.

GEN. SICKLES

is expected in Washington in a few days to receive his commission as Minister to Spain, as the President signed it to-day.

MARSHAL FOR MONTANA.

Wm. T. Wheeler, of Minnesota, has been appointed United States Marshal for Montana.

Explosion of Forty Kegs of Powder—One Man Killed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ALLENTOWN PA., May 17.—A shock resembling an earthquake was felt here between two and three o'clock this morning. People were greatly alarmed, and the streets were soon crowded with those anxious to ascertain the cause of the shock, which was afterwards ascertained to have been caused by the explosion of forty kegs of powder, stored in a wooden building at Truxell's stone quarry, three miles distant from this city. One man was found dead about one hundred yards from the scene of the explosion. He was blackened and mutilated horribly. It is rumored he set fire to the building.

Homicide on a Steamboat.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, May 17.—A negro, named Edward Mines, of Beaver county, Pa., was arrested this evening on board the Armadillo, from St. Louis, upon her arrival last night about midnight. Mines, who was watchman, ordered Nathan Johnson, colored deck hand on the Armadillo, to bring up some coal. Johnson refused and a quarrel ensued, in which Mines struck him over the head with a stick. Johnson never spoke but died four hours afterwards on the steamer St. Louis, on which he was shipped to Cincinnati. Mines has always borne a good character.

—At Cleveland, O., on Saturday last, Emma, aged five years, John, aged four years, children of Geo. Graff, and Peter, aged three years, son of Wm. Pigeon, were buried by a sliding sand bank to the depth of several feet. The children had been missed and search made throughout the city, but it was not suspected until Sunday evening that they had been overwhelmed by the slide. The bodies were recovered, after being buried twenty-eight hours.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—J. D. McBirney, a produce merchant in Montreal, Canada, has suepended with $125,000 liabilities.

—Thomas Gibbs, of Savannah, Ga., has disappeared, leaving behind him liabilities to a cosniderable amount.

—Forty thousand dollars was the amount of the first day's sale of tickets for the Peace Jubilee at Boston.

—The Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of British Columbia, preached at the church of St. Peter and Paul, Chicago, on Sunday.

—Twenty-four through passengers from Sacramento, over the Pacific Railroad, arrived at Chicago on Monday. Time six days.

—A carpenter, named Charles Uhlmann, died in the St. Louis City Hospital, Monday, from wounds inflicted by his own hand.

—Dobson's cotton and woolen mill, situated near Manayunk, Pa., was totally destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss estimated at $60,000; insured for $25,000.

—The new Town Hall, at Gloucester, Mass., just completed at an expense of $100,000, was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Insured for $40,000.

—The Chicago City Treasury was made two thousand dollars richer, yesterday morning, by the imposition of fines on some one hundred keepers and inmates of houses of ill-fame.

—A convention of the various German Catholic Societies of the northwest is now in session in Chicago. The business is conducted entirely in the German language, according to the rule of the societies.

—The body of a young man, with a bullet hole through his head and a broken leg, was found in the river several miles below St. Louis on Sunday. It was not identified. It is suspected the man was murdered.

—At the St. Paul Protestant Episcopal Church, in Brooklyn, Sunday, Bishop Littlejohn, who was present to administer the confirmation, felt himself compelled, by what he saw around him, to utter a few powerful but kind words against Ritualising and Romanizing.

—A Washington dispatch says General Badeau, Second Secretary of Legation at London, will sail for his destination in Wednesday's steamer. The impression prevails that General Badeau's mission abroad means more than is covered by his present appointment.

—The best time ever made on a velocipede was accomplished at the Rink, in Cleveland, on Saturday last. Mr. Fred Hawley, of Rochester, New York, making fifty miles in three hours, fourteen minutes, and thirty seconds, actual running time.

—J. F. Felta, of the firm of Felta & Sharpless, boot makers, at Nashville, Tenn., committed suicide on Monday morning by shooting himself in the head. Previous to doing so he dressed himself neatly, shaved and blacked his boots. Cause, pecuniary troubles and intemperance.

—The jury in the case of the German boy Max Klinger, whose second trial for the murder of his uncle, over a year ago, has been progressing in the Criminal Court at St. Louis for some days, after being out since Saturday evening failed to agree and were discharged on Monday afternoon.

—Reports from Iowa say the wheat crop never looked so well as now. The extent of the growing crop is very large, varying from twenty-five to one hundred per cent. broader than last season, and many farmers will harvest ten acres where they did one last year. Corn planting has also been very general.

—The South Pacific Railroad Company received on Monday the Missouri State Treasurer's checks for one hundred thousand dollars of the construction fund of the Company in Easten's Bank, making one million dollars the Company have applied to the construction of their road and leaves a million dollars still in the construction fund.

—Messrs. Moore, Barroc and Hersing, of the Ohio State Board of Improvements, have started on a tour of inspection of the Miami Canal from Cincinnati to Toledo. They will, in pursuance of a resolution of the State Legislature, report to same next session in favor of enlarging this canal so as to admit of navigation by steamers, perhaps by ships. Aid will be asked from Congress.

—Important intelligence is expected from Cuba during the coming ten days. Government detectives report from various ports along the coast movements of small, suspicious looking craft, and there is no doubt that expeditions are still being fitted out, and that arms and munitions of war are still being transported from the United States to Cubans and the Spaniards too.

—President Grant's movements this summer have not been definitely settled, excepting that he will be absent from the Capital for nearly two months. In June he will attend the examination of cadets at West Point, and from there will probably go to Boston to remain two or three days and witness the Peace Jubilee. He has determined to spend some time in the West after his return from Boston, but where he does not exactly know, although he says if time will permit he may go to the Pacific coast.

—In a suit against the city of Richmond, Va., to make her redeem her small notes to the amount of $100,000, issued during the war, Chief Justice Chase decided, that having been issued to aid the rebellion, they cannot be redeemed; the Legislature which authorized their issue was *de facto* a Legislature, and had power to grant such authority, and had the notes been issued for any legal purpose, and not for the subversion of the Government, they would be liable to redemption.

The Memphis Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 17.—Every train coming in is crowded with delegates and visitors to the Convention. Delegates from the following cities have already arrived: Richmond, Charleston, Norfolk, Pittsburgh, Lynchburg, New Orleans, Little Rock, Paducah, Carrollton, Indiana, Charlottsville, Lexington, Virginia, Augusta, Georgia, Nashville, St. Louis, Louisville, Evansville, Jackson, Mississippi, Beaufort, South Carolina, Alexandria, Virginia. Senator Fowler, Ex-Governor Foote, Colonel W. J. Gatewood, President of the Santiago and El Paso Railroad, and other notables are here. The weather is delightful, and everything indicates a large meeting.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Political Excitement in France—Reverdy Johnson Tendered a Farewell Dinner—Regency in Spain—Mazzini, the Italian Patriot, Refused Habitation in Switzerland—Paraguayan Advices.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 17.—The papers variously comment on the critical state of affairs in Paris. It seems to be the general impression, however, that the French Government has fomented discontent and adopted oppressive measures to stay disorders arising with the same design.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 17.—The corporate authorities have united in an invitation to Reverdy Johnson to attend a grand banquet previous to his departure. He sails on the steamer Ohio, in a few days, for Baltimore.

The Paris correspondent of the *Telegraph* says the opinion is general in Paris that Johnson was induced to make certain declarations to the British Government, and then thrown overboard by Grant's Administration.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 17.—The Cortes have agreed to Article Thirty-second of the Constitution, declaring the sovereignty is essentially in the nation, from which all power emanates. The amendments requiring that the King be a native of Spain, and that he be elected by a plebisitum, were passed.

MADRID, May 17,—*Evening.*—The majority of the Cortes, fearing that civil war is imminent, are ready to accept the proposition for a regency.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, May 17.—Later advices from Rio Janeiro are received. Nothing has been heard there of the arrival of Gen. MacMahon, United States Minister, at Asuncion. On the contrary, it was reported President Lopez retained him in the interior by force.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, May 17.—The Swiss Government have prohibited Mazzini from taking up his residence in any of the Cantons bordering on France and Italy.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 17.—The city has been tranquil throughout the day.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDONDEERY, May 17.—The steamship Nestorian, from Portland, arrived to-day.

QUEENSTOWN, May 17.—The steamship City of Manchester, from New York, arrived this afternoon. The steamship Denmark, from New York, has also arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, May 17.—U. S. bonds closed at 86⅝.

ANTWERP, May 17.—Petroleum easier; standard white 41½ francs.

PARIS, May 17.—Bourse buoyant. Rentes, 77f 15c.

LONDON, May 17.—Owing to the holiday, the exchange, produce and other markets have been closed. The following are street quotations: Linseed oil, £31. Tallow, 42s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, May 17.—Lard, 67s. Tallow, 43s 3d. Cotton and breadstuffs markets closed.

News From Mexico.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HAVANA, May 17.—News from Mexico to the 12th is received. Extensive arrangements were in progress for the celebration of the conclusion of a commercial treaty between Mexico and the North German Confederation. Mr. Schlosser, who has charge of the treaty, has been received and officially recognized by the Mexican Government. News of the death of Adolfo Palacios was received. This event put an end to the revolution in the States of Guerrero and Sinaloa. Minister Rosecrans returns to the United States via Acapulco.

Minister Romero's bill, providing for the issue of $18,000,000 in currency, will probably pass. Seven Judges of the Supreme Court have been accused before Congress. There is much trouble in Tamaulipas, and Queretaro threatens a disturbance. A thousand men of all arms have been sent to support the State legislature against the Governor. Troops have also been sent to Ignatu. A decree in favor of removing the tax on copies of the Bible is generally attacked with violence by the Mexican press.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 13, via HAVANA, May 17.—Rivo Pallace is spoken of as likely to be appointed Minister to the United States, though the Cabinet is opposed to sending an ambassador to Washington at present. Romero is anxious, but unable to obtain the position again.

An insurrection has broken out in the State of Queretaro. Gen. Alvarez is reported to be at the head of the movement. The report that Losada had risen against the Government is untrue.

High Water at New Orleans.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—The crevasse is becoming worse. It is stated the channel was washed through the levee to the depth of fifteen feet and several hundred feet wide. New work is washed out as fast as it is made. The distance at this point from the river to the lake is but eight or ten miles, and it is supposed that the large number of canals and bayous will carry off water enough to prevent its spreading over a width of more than three or four miles. Several of the finest plantations in St. Bernard parish are submerged. Reports have been received of danger to levees above the city. The river has only receded a couple of inches from its highest point, and the levees at several points near the city were in a precarious condition.

—The opening sale of single tickets to the Peace Jubilee, at Boston, yesterday, attracted a large crowd. One music store at the west sent an order for twelve hundred.

NEW YORK CITY.

Celebration of Whit-Monday—Claims Damages for Imprisonment—Whiskey Seizure Successfully Resisted—Riot on Fashion Course—Forger Pleads Guilty.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 17.—Whit-Monday was celebrated by the German citizens enthusiastically, the feature of the day being a grand concert of the Northeastern Saengerbund in Union Park, in which eight hundred persons and over thirty Societies participated, and which was attended by nearly thirty thousand people; also gymnastic sports at Jones' Wood.

Mr. Annable, one of the persons taken off the schooner Lizzie Major by a Spanish vessel of war and imprisoned at Havana, and subsequently released at the intercession of the British Consul, has made a sworn statement before United States Commissioner Shields, which has been forwarded to the Secretary of State, in which he claims damages for imprisonment, and that our Government shall take action in the matter. He claims to be a citizen of Massachusetts.

Several Deputy United States Marshals, who attempted to take possession of an illicit still in Little street, Brooklyn, to-day, were assaulted and two severely beaten by a crowd of several hundred residents of the vicinity. The officers were driven off without effecting their purpose.

The trot to-day over the Fashion Course, between Lucy and American Girl, for $1,000, best three in five in harness, was won by Lucy in three straight heats; time, 2.29¼, 2:27¼, and 2:25.

James Smith, arrested some time since, to-day plead guilty of forgery in the third degree, on Jay Cook & Co., and was remanded for sentence.

Methodist Church North and South—The Subject of Re-Union.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The communications which were exchanged between the College of Bishops of the Methodist Church South, which met here, and Bishop Janes and Simpson, a deputation representing the Board of Bishops of the Methodist Church lately in session at Meadville, Pa., are published. The communications relate to a general and full re-union of the churches, separated by the formal act of both in 1844. The reply of the Southern Bishops does not entertain the question of the re-union of the two bodies under one jurisdiction, as previous to the separation in 1844. It asserts that fraternal relations must first be restored before such a proposition can be entertained. These fraternal relations cannot be restored except upon an overture, made by the Northern General Conference, upon the basis of the plan of separation of 1844, implying an abandonment by the General Conference at Pittsburgh, in 1848, which assumed that the separation was a schism upon the part of the Southern churches; also implying that the aggressions, as charged by the Southern Church, should cease. The Southern Bishops also deny the statement that slavery was the cause and assert that it was only the occasion of the separation in 1844, that it simply was the subject which occasioned the assertion by the Northern members of the General Conference of 1844 of authority to legislate upon secular questions and concerning the civil institutions of the country.

The New Route to China—The First Travelers.

The Salt Lake *Reporter*, published in Corinne, says:

Three gentlemen from London, on their way for Hong Kong, stopped in town night before last. To China and Japan the Pacific Railroad offers a route from London ten or twelve days shorter than any other, and affording the traveler the pleasure of passing the continent of the United States in review from Boston or New York to San Francisco. Think of it as a pleasure trip; thirty-five hundred miles over every variety of scenery in the world, from the highly cultivated slopes and valleys of Massachusetts to the gloomy gorges of the Rocky Mountains, the cloud compelling peaks of the same, the Dead Sea, the Mississippi prairies, the great American Desert and the American Andes thrown in as side shows! With the completion and equipment of the road, the trip will be very agreeable, personally, what with good eating houses and hotels along the road, sleeping and hotel and silver-mounted cars.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—Cotton unchanged; middlings at 28¼@28¾c; sales 1,800 bales; receipts since Saturday, 1,602 bales; exports, 140 bales. Gold, 141. Exchange, 15¾. New York sight drafts, ⅛ premium. Flour quiet and easier; superfine $5,25@5,37, double extra $5,75, treble extra $6,25. Corn higher, white 77c. Oats 76c. Bran $1,20. Hay, prime $26@27. Pork $32,25. Bacon: shoulders 13½c, clear rib sides 17½c, and clear sides 17⅝c. Lard: tierce 18½@18¾c, keg 19½@20c. Sugar quiet; common 9¼@10⅛c, prime 13½c. Molasses nominal; fermenting 50c. Whisky: western rectified 85@92½c. Coffee: fair 15@15½c, and prime 16¾@17¾c.

ALBANY, May 17.—The demand for Cattle is good, but the supply is liberal and prices are down ¼@½c per pound, live weight; sales to-day were about 2,200 head, mostly Illinois, at 7½@8¾c for coarse to fine quality. Sheep market dull, heavy and declined ¼c, prices ranging from 6c to 6¼c for sheared to 8c to 8½c for wool. Hogs are in good request at 9¾@10¼c, and store pigs, 10⅜@10½c.

CHICAGO, May 17.—At the open board in the afternoon there was a moderate movement in wheat, and a firmer feeling prevailed; No. 2 was selling at $1,13¼@1,13½, seller for the month. Corn and oats nominally unchanged. Provisions and lake freights neglected. Nothing was done in the evening. Wheat may be quoted nominal at $1,13½ seller for the month.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Hogs moderately active for the best grades: sales at $8@8,25 for common; $8,65@8,85 for fair to medium; $9@9,45 for good to choice, and $9,50@9,65 for extra. Cattle steady and moderately active for upper and dull and tame for low grades; sales at $6,12½@6,25 for light steers and $6,50@7,50 for fair to choice shipping steers.

NASHVILLE, May 17.—Cotton quiet; low middling 25c; good ordinary 24c.

A Youthful Murderer.

A letter from Mercer, Pa., to the Meadville *Republican* says: The trial of George Brown for murder has just closed. It was a trial of interest, and resulted in sending him to the State prison for eleven years.

Brown was a lad of eighteen or nineteen years of age, was the son of a widow and was raised in Mercer. He is said to have indulged in quarrelsome habits for years past, and of late had added hard drinking to that habit. Sometime in last March, he with five or six of his drinking companions were at a house in the borough, of rather low repute, indulging in a dance on Saturday evening. The man who was their fiddler refused, when twelve o'clock came, to play for them longer. His doing this would necessarily break up the dance. A part wishing to continue it a quarrel took place on the spot. The quarrel terminated the dance at the house, and the party dispersed going up street to their homes. It appeared from the evidence that Brown and Stewart, who were of the party, waylaid the fiddler at the corner of a street and when he passed, the night being dark, Brown threw a brick bat at him which hit him on the head and felled him to the pavement. His skull was fractured by the blow. This was not known however, by the parties who remained with him, and a few young men who came to their relief. They supposing him not badly injured, after having washed the blood from his head took him to a tavern and put him to bed, leaving him alone till morning. In the morning he was found dead, and the physicians thought that he must have died soon after he was placed in bed. These are the circumstances. The trial which followed resulted in sending Brown to the Penitentiary for eleven years.

Mercer, for opening her liquor shops, had to have the blood of an immortal being spilled on her pavement, and to incarcerate a boy in State Prison for eleven long years. This fearful warning has had its effect upon the people, and they have closed the rum holes again, by the strong arm of the law.

Doctors and Ministers in Sweden.

In Sweden a physician makes no charge whatever for medical attendance, and, what is more remarkable still, very many of the people who can afford to pay for the services of a doctor are willing to avail themselves of such aid without paying anything for it. One physician told me that of ninety-six cases that he had treated within a certain time only six paid him at all! It is customary for those who do pay, to pay by the year, and fifty rix dollars, or about twelve American dollars, would be a large sum for persons in good circumstances to give for the benefit of a physician's counsel for a whole year. There is, therefore, no great inducement, in the way of profit, to go into the medical profession. Nor is it an introduction to society, the physician not being in this respect materially above the apothecary in social standing. The clergy, as a profession, are not materially better off than the physician. Their pay comes from the State, but their salaries are very small, and, with only here and there an exception, they have very little influence, social or political. They are not men of learning, and perhaps they are as influential as they could be expected to be. The established religion is Lutheran, with one archbishopric, eleven bishoprics, with 3,500 clergymen. They are said to be "highly educated," but I was assured that there is a great lack of education among the clergy, and the very small salaries which even the dignitaries receive would confirm the statement that the church does not retain the aid of learned and able men.—*Letter to N. Y. Observer.*

An English View of Their Responsibility.

The London *Star* remarks of the Alabama business: "We have never concealed our opinion of the responsibility which our government undertook by permitting that ill-starred cruiser to have left Liverpool and to take shelter in our colonial ports during the war. We ought to have chased the pirate from the ocean and tried the commander at the Old Bailey for his life. But what more can be done than to submit the whole question to arbitration, in order to have our responsibility determined by international law? England cannot do more than this; and if the Americans, or any portion of them, imagine that because we have done what is right we may be compelled to do what is humiliating, they profoundly mistake our national character. We are strong enough and great enough not to be afraid of acknowledging error or of submitting our conduct to the impartial verdict of arbitrators skilled in international usages; but neither our strength nor our greatness require us to do penance, either by kissing the floor or meekly acknowledging our errors before the world. The mistake in policy of which we were guilty was one into which we were betrayed by the many circumstances which are not yet fully known. There was both treachery and ignorance at work, and a want of moral courage where we might have looked for something better. But the thing is over and gone."

THERE is a well of perpetual ice in Brandon, Vt. It was dug twelve years ago, in the autumn, and at the depth of fifteen or twenty feet they came to frozen ground. The well is forty feet deep and in the winter the water is so frozen that the ice has often to be broken; and through the summer the sides of the well, near the water, are encased with ice, and the water and the air that comes up from the well are intensely cold.

IT is barely a century since Constantinople was as unknown and inaccessible as Bokara is now. It is at present the resort of tourists, contractors, financiers and speculators of all kinds. The people are no longer isolated, and are at last putting off even Asiatic ways. A Turk used to be known by a Turban, but now a-days in the Turkish capital there is hardly a turban to be seen.

A Hair Thief Disguised as a Female.

The Nashville *Press and Times* tells the following singular story: "They have a genuine sensation out here at Bell's Station, a little town on the Louisville and Memphis Railroad. About a week ago, a fashionably dressed individual, calling 'herself' Miss Ellen Barnard, made her appearance in the village for the purpose of initiating the ladies into the mysteries of the *chignon* of modern times, and to teach them all the little arts so effective in the *coiffure*. In other words, she represented herself as a fashionable hair dresser, &c. Miss Ellen promised to restore their hair at an early day wrought into stunning braids, elegant watchguards, &c. The former to be worn to church and elsewhere, as the glory of womanhood, and the latter to be presented to fathers and brothers as tokens of esteem, or mayhap to 'lovers,' in token of a still stronger passion. Ellen manipulated the tonsorial art to a charm, and the ladies of Bell's Station are very much in the condition of the man described by the clown as being 'barefooted as to his head.'

In the meantime the progressive Ellen disappeared in the dim distance, loaded with sundry pounds of human 'hair.' She was all colors—red, black, auburn and white—and her motley pile is said to be worth several hundred dollars. There are well-grounded reasons for believing that Miss Ellen Barnard belongs to the 'sterner sex,' and she may be put down as an impostor playing a new role in schemes of villainy so rife in the land."

Telegraphic Blunders.

An action was brought in the Court of Queen's Bench, London, recently, against a telegraph company for recovery of a loss occasioned by a telegram. Some amusing stories were told in the course of the trial of mistakes of a similar kind, such as "Your wife is delivered of five girls," an alarming announcement, which should have read "a fine girl." "Wanted, two hund. bouquets," an expensive order, which literally construed, was "Wanted, two hand bouquets." Only the other day a case of this kind came under notice. A lady, living in London, received one evening the following telegram from Scotland: "Your son cannot live for long." In an agony of despair the lady took the next train for Scotland. To her great joy she found her boy alive and well, and about to start out shooting. The son was as much astonished as the mother. "Oh! wonderful son to so astonish a mother." And this should have been the message: "Your son cannot leave for London."

The Indiana Coal-Field.

A correspondent of the Indianapolis *Journal* says: Upon the east bank of the Wabash river, in the southern part of Fountain county, is situated one of the most extensive and valuable coal deposits in the State. This coal is of superior quality—resembling the English, boghead or block coal. It is deposited in strata from three to four feet thick, and in places where two or more stratas are enjoined it is seven feet thick, and is of very easy access, as it can be mined by stripping in many places, and by horizontal tunneling, and seldom requires the sinking of shafts to procure it. The Pennsylvania Central Railroad, which is constructing the Indianapolis, Crawfordsville and Danville Railroad, has had a survey made from Crawfordsville westward, via Perryville, to Danville, Illinois, which will run through the heart of this coal region, and if the road is constructed upon this survey it will open up this great coal deposit.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Chicago *Republican*, in describing vineyards and wine making in Los Angelos county, California, says:

The grapes are picked from the vines in bunches when very ripe, and the juice trampled out by "lo the poor Indian." It is fun to see eight or ten of these warlike children of the forest dancing over a huge pile of dead-ripe grapes. They put in all the fancy steps of the war-dance, learned years ago, and then they look so much safer than out on the Colorado river. I take all my Ingin this way. This method of trampling out the juice is adopted because all of the machinery yet invented for this purpose breaks the seeds of the grapes, giving an acid taste to the wine. Great care is taken to keep out of the press all unripe and defective grapes. Nothing but the pure juice and hulls or skins go into the fermenting tanks. White and red wine are made from the same grape. How? White wine is made from the juice as it comes from the press, and red wine and port by letting the juice and hulls ferment in large tanks until part or all of the sugar is changed into alcohol, which dissolves the color in the skin or hulls and makes the wine red. This is the whole secret, and I trust settles the drugs, sugar and coloring matter, concerning which so much has been said. The only real secret is in having the land that will produce the grape with the sugar, coloring matter and flavor in it.

THE Lyons (N. Y.) *Republican* says: "A great breadth of land in this county is this spring devoted to peppermint. The area is estimated at one thousand acres—three or four times as much as in any previous season. The uniform success of peppermint growers in previous years, the steady demand for oil, and the very remunerative prices it has brought, have stimulated hundreds of land-owners and land-hirers who have not given the crop any attention heretofore, to undertake its cultivation. It is reported that peppermint buyers are anxious to contract the crop of the present year at four dollars and fifty cents per pound for oil."

WHEN a prisoner is sentenced to death in France, he is taken to a very strongly built cell and has to put on the straight-jacket. A guard remains with him night and day, and highly stimulating food is given to him. Owing to the liberal allowance of wine given to the men shortly before they are sent to the guillotine, most of them are drunk when they reach the scaffold.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

AILEEN AROON.

THE ORIGINAL WORDS FOR THE AIR "ROBIN ADAIR."

When like the early rose
Aileen aroon,
Beauty in childhood glows
Aileen aroon,
When, like a diadem,
Buds blush around the stem,
Which is the fairest gem?
Aileen aroon.

Is it the laughing eye?
Aileen aroon,
Is it the timid sigh?
Aileen aroon,
Is it the tender tone,
Soft as the stringed harp's moan?
No; is it truth alone,
Aileen aroon.

I know a val'ey fair,
Aileen aroon.
I know a cottage there,
Aileen aroon.
Far in that valley's shade,
I know a gentle maid,
Flower of the hazel glade,
Aileen aroon.

Who in the song so sweet?
Aileen aroon.
Who in the dance so fleet?
Aileen aroon.
Dear are her charms to me,
Dearer her laughter free,
Dearer her constancy,
Aileen aroon.

Youth must with time decay,
Aileen aroon,
Beauty must fade away,
Aileen aroon.
Castles are sacked in war,
Chieftains are scattered far,
Truth is a fixed star,
Aileen aroon.

PENNSYLVANIA.

EX-SENATOR BUCKALEW has resumed the practice of law at Bloomsburg.

THE country ice-cream saloons, like the roses, are beginning to open again.

DR. J. B. CLARK, of Allegheny, lectured in Indiana last Friday on Work and Wages.

LAST Sunday a colored man in Gettysburg had his pocket picked in a Methodist church.

IT IS said that millions of dollars worth of rafts line the banks of the Susquehanna near Harrisburg.

THE McKean *Miner* claim to have the prettiest women in Smethport, of any town in the State.

A YOUNG man named Henry Miller was killed last Saturday week in Bedford county, by a falling tree striking him on the head.

BEAVER is about to have a social club house. None but the most select gentlemen are to be admitted as members. The rest won't countenance the thing.

ON Friday week five buildings in Towanda, Bradford county, were burned down. They were valued at about $10,000. There was about $4,000 insurance on them.

LAST week from Scranton a line of fire in the mountains could be seen, more than a mile long. This reckless destruction of timber in the highlands will make its effect felt in the valleys.

THE dentists of the Northern counties held a meeting in Towanda last week, at which they organized themselves in a society, whose expressed object is the elevation of the profession, and the suppression of quackery.

THE following Postoffice appointments in Pennsylvania have been made: Indian Run, Mercer county, A. Hoffman, vice R. Crawford, resigned; North Sewickly, Beaver county, A. M. Mecklin, vice M. A. Clow, resigned.

A FATAL accident happened at the house of John Deck, one mile north of Rehrersburg, on Sunday last. A boy, fifeeen years old, while handling a revolver, accidentally discharged the contents into his abdomen.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

WE are informed that, on last Sunday, a couple of ladies were crossing the streets in Lock Haven, one Dr. Lichtenthaler drove his span of horses furiously over them, killing Mrs. Anthony almost instantly and seriously injuring the other.—*Williamsport Standard.*

ONE of the liveliest and most energetic of our weekly exchanges is the Altoona *Vindicator*. It was burnt out a short time ago, and the purification by fire seems to have vastly improved it in matter and appearance. The fire, however, was not, it seems, hot enough to burn out its deplorable ideas on politics.

THE Beaver *Local* says infanticide has made its unwelcome appearance in New Brighton. Last Sunday afternoon two boys in the cemetery discovered the body of an infant carefully concealed in a bundle. Medical examination determined that the age of the infant was about two months, and that it had met with violent death. Of course the parents are unknown.

ON Saturday afternoon a row took place in a beer saloon in Lancaster, in which beer glasses, billies and pistols were freely used, and the riot spread to the neighboring streets and lasted for more than three hours, the police considered the crowd too great to make any arrests. The combatants were firemen members of the appropriately named companies, Friendship and Humane.

OHIO.

AN extensive new stove foundry has been started in New Philadelphia.

THE whisky gang in Urbana are still burning the stables of temperance men. That of S. P. Castle was destroyed in this way on the morning of the 5th inst.—*Springfield Republican.*

THE Tuscarawas *Chronicle* says: We notice no less than eight accidents in the county during the past week, from carbon oil cans, and filling lighted lamps. Several persons were fatally burned.

MR. SOLOMON MYERS, of Clay township, Monongalia county, while driving his team, on the 27th ult., met with a serious and almost fatal accident. The horses frightened, ran off and dragged him several yards, breaking his jaw and left arm, and mangling him terribly.

Two daughters of Jeremiah Maize, of Wooster, Ohio, aged eighteen and twenty-one years, were buried in one grave on Tuesday of last week. They were intelligent and beautiful girls and died of consumption within twenty hours of each other.

A CORRESPONDENT to the Ravenna *Democrat*, writing from Deerfield, says: A short time since Adorah, the daughter of Eli and Nancy A. Mell, sucked down her windpipe a kernel of berry coffee, which lodged in the base of her right bronchial tube, and by swelling, entirely shut out the circulation of air from the right lung. The unfortunate girl died in about six weeks after swallowing the coffee. A post mortem examination was made that developed the cause of death as above stated.

WEST VIRGINIA.

[FOR most of our items of West Virginia news this week, we are indebted to the Morgantown *Post.*]

THE next meeting of the State Medical Society will be held in Clarksburg early in June.

THE Town Council of Wellsburg has refused to grant license to sell liquors of any kind.

MR. ALLEN HALL, a highly respectable citizen of Fairmont, died of apoplexy in that place week before last.

FOUR THOUSAND barrels of oil went down the Little Kanawha during the late rise. The grease is worth $5.25 per barrel at Burning Springs.

THE Wirt county *Democrat* records the marriage, in that county, of Mr. B. P. Robinson to Miss Buena Vista Laran. tine Bunker Hill Monumental Jaco.

MANY of our exchanges contain notices of West Virginia families returning from the West to settle permanently in their native State. This is good news.

A MR. GRIBBLES and a Miss Hardman, of Lost Creek, Harrison county, were recently married on horseback, "in the big road." About thirty persons witnessed the ceremony.

LIEUT. B. F. COOGLE, of Hoult town, Marion county, fell from a hay loft on Monday week, a distance of twelve feet, lighting upon his back upon a pile of rails. He will probably die from his injuries.

THE Monroe *Republican* says that from the 1st day of May the cars on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad will run daily to Covington, and farther West as the road shall be put in running condition. By the 1st of July they will run to the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

Requirements for the Stage.

Miss Olive Logan, in a letter to a New York paper, defends her recent public declarations concerning the demoralized theatrical stage. She says: The cases you cite of successful players who still retain decency in the dramatic profession, are those of Janauscheck, Ristori, Mrs. Lander and Miss Bateman. Janauscheck has always played to empty benches at the Academy of Music, Ristori, as a natural result of skillful manipulating of an astute manager, drew almost as well as a circus for a few weeks, but when the furor died out, she played for the pleasure of playing, apparently, for she had to pay for the privilege. Mrs. Lander, a true artist and a lady, is, it is well known, as unprofitable a "star" as the country affords, even when backed by two or three subsidary players, whom she takes with her. Miss Bateman's success was before the advent of the yellow-haired nudities.

Besides, even if it were quite different, the persons you name are players who have toiled for many years in this profession, and who have acquired world-wide celebrity. I referred the other night to decent young women who are not celebrities—merely honest, modest girls, whose parents have left them the not very desirable heritage of the stage, and who find it difficult to obtain any other employment, being uneducated for any other. When these girls go into a theatre to apply for a situation now, they find that the requirements of managers are expressed in the following questions:

1. "Is your hair dyed yellow?"

1. "Are your legs, arms and bosom symmetrically formed, and are you willing to expose them?"

3. "Can you sing brassy songs, and dance the can-can, and wink at men, and give utterance to disgusting half words which mean whole actions?"

4. "Are you acquainted with any rich men who will throw you flowers, and send you presents, and keep afloat dubious rumors concerning your chastity?"

6. "Are you willing to appear to-night, and every night, amid the glare of gaslights and before the gaze of thousands of men, in this pair of satin breeches ten inches long, without a vestige of drapery on your person!"

"If you can answer these questions affirmatively, we will give you a situation, If not, there's the door."

For myself I left the stage four years ago to pursue literature. With writing and lecturing I am able to earn a decent and digniged livelihood. I am very thankful I can do so, but my own private affairs are not my sole concern, and "what I see, I say."

A Juvenile Romance.

Two children who work in one of the Chicopee (Mass.) factories, Eli Goodro, fifteen years old, and Louisa Stebbins, fourteen, fell downright into love so deep that they determined, with an utter contempt of consequences, to go and get married, as grown folks do. Chicopee clerks and clergy very sternly and sensibly refused to grant a marriage certificate or ceremony, whereupon the decided youths came to this city, and obtained both. The Palmer *Journal* says the civil sanction was obtained from the city clerk, and the religious from Rev. Dr. Ide. At all events, they were successful in their visit, and started for Thorndike, there to spend the honeymoon until Louisa's parents should forgive them. They got as far as Palmer, on Wednesday evening, and spent the night in the depot—certainly a very elegant bridal chamber. But on Thursday morning the parental Stebbinses bore down on them ere the Thorndike craft hove in sight, and captured the outward bound adventurers. They wanted to separate the bold babies, but though Louisa, disheartened by the meagre outset of the voyage, was willing to haul off, Eli remarked, defiantly, that they had been and gone and done it, and what did they mean to do about it? Impressed by his view of the case, and by the advice of a Palmer justice to make the best of it, the parents relented and conveyed the precious pair home, triumphantly happy.

THE story is told of an agent set to work upon the Detroit Board of Education for the introduction of a certain textbook in the school, that he went to a church with a pious churchman, talked in Sunday School in a beautiful and touching manner, the same evening got staving drunk with another member of the Board in a beer garden, and the next morning handsomely feed another member whose influence was only to be secured by filthy lucre. His book was taken.

OLIVER Dalrymple, of Minnesota, is said to be the largest wheat grower in the United States. The Stillwater *Republican* says he has sown this season, in addition to his other crops, 2,000 acres of wheat, which, with a good yield, will give him 50,000 bushels. Last season Mr. Dalrymple employed one hundred men and one hundred horses in harvesting and threshing his crop.

WASHINGTON, PA.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 15th, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Disregarding the absence of local as well as general news, I seat myself to transmit to you some items of interest relative to affairs in ye ancient borough. The bitter feeling engendered between this place and Canonsburg is, I am sorry to say, on the ascendant. Why this should be, we are at a loss to determine. The citizens of Washington county in general should congratulate themselves that the college has been retained within the borders of the county. Other places offered larger inducements. Kittanning, with a population less than Washington, in a financial point of view was ahead of all other competitors. Yet money was not the object. Convenience was regarded of paramount importance, and the Committee could not otherwise but decide in favor of Washington. The able and eloquent address published in Tuesday's edition may be true in many respects, yet it does not prove that Washington is an unfit place for a college.

All the right, title and interest of the great Hempfield Railroad is to be disposed of to the highest bidder. Drop a tear, ye lovers of the great and good! This noble institution, with its picturesque, natural caves and gorgeous display of mighty trestle work, is to pass into other hands. Alas, to bygone glory. No earthly power can save it except the payment of its first mortgage bonds, and that I believe is an utter impossibility. Many of our citizens favor the purchase of this line by the Baltimore and Ohio Company. Others by the Pennsylvania Central. Yet whatever company purchases, we congratulate on the immense amount of rolling stock acquired as well as for the honor of becoming the possessor of a road which never injured a passenger in a bodily point of view.

We are to have a town hall here. Proposals are out for building materials, and in a few months Washington can boast of as fine a public hall as any in the State. A proposal was made by Dr. Le Moyne offering to denote $10,000 for a public library, providing that no person, on account of race, color, creed or condition, should be excluded from the use of said library, the books to be purchased and selected by himself and another person of his own choosing. For reasons best known to the Council this proposition was rejected, and other means must be advanced to procure a public library.

A society has been formed here which has for its object the recognition of the rights of foreigners to hold office. The Constitution sets forth that foreigners have been slighted at the nominating conventions, and since they hold the balance of power after the vote of native born citizens has been cast, they will use that power to defeat the party not recognizing their claims. One candidate, a Democrat, has been announced for an important county office. If his claims are not recognized by the convention then it is proposed to defeat the entire ticket. This will give the Republicans an easy victory in Washington county, if the claims of this Society are not recognized, as many connected with it are Democrats of good standing. Although not favorable to any organization which has for its object the controlling of any political party, we cannot help but admire the pluck of our foreign neighbors, and in a pecuniary point of view we wish it success and hope that our foreign neighbors may secure a nomination in one of the two great political parties of the period.

The young man, Odenbaugh, arrested in your city some days ago, has been released by the payment of all costs, amounting to fifty dollars. This was rather an expensive ride, and conveys the moral that, if you hire a team, to not try to dispose of it on the way.

A young man named Robert Teasdal was arrested and lodged in jail on charges preferred by Dr. Wilson. It appears he had been obtaining money under false representations from different parties, the Doctor among the rest, and hence the arrest. He will doubtless visit your twin sister, Allegheny.

Court convenes on Monday. A short session is anticipated.

The fall grain looks well and farmers express a hope that the fruit crop will equal any previous year.

More anon, MAC.

BROWNSVILLE.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BROWNSVILLE, May 15, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Brownsville is very dull. Many of the factories are closed, which throws many men out of employment. The most activity is at the boat yards of Jas. Pringle. Here are two boats in course of construction, which will be ready, in a few weeks, to take to Pittsburgh for the further touches.

Captain Smithers has just completed his new boat, the "Mountain Belle," which will be found at your wharf ere this reaches you.

Samuel Thompson, Esq., has the foundation of a large distillery built in West Brownsville. This distillery will be one of the most substantial in Pennsylvania.

The post office has changed hands, Mr. Bulger having received his documents from the powers that be, and has assumed the position, taking his son Luce in the office to assist, and we are sure satisfaction will be given to all having business at the office

A society styled the Fayette County Agricultural Floral, Mechanical and Driving Park Association, has been formed, with A. F. Gabler as President, and John S. Cunningham as Secretary.

The object of the Association is to have exhibitions annually, such as are usually given at county fairs.

A splendid half-mile race course is now in good order for those desiring to test the merits of their horses. The exhibition will be given on the grounds of the association in July.

Hotto & Company, (late of your Opera House), opened at Jeffries Hall, Tuesday evening, with the kind permission of Messrs. Pittock and Ross, they having relinquished the Hall to oblige Harry. They have done well and will remain the balance of the week. The company consists of Hotto and wife, D. B. Vanderen and wife, Miss Lizzie Hardy, F. C. Moore, W. A. Dougherty; H. Rogers and others. They open at Uniontown on Monday, 17th. Mrs. Hotto had the misfortune to lose many valuables at the recent fire in McKeesport.

A grand public exhibition of velocipedestrianism was given on the skylight of the "Bennett" steamboat by Mr. George W. Pittock, of your city. The exhibition, free to everyone on the shores as the boat came down, attracted much attention. "G."

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JUST OPENED AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,

The largest assortment ever brought to the market of the Latest Novelties for the May Trade in

HATS AND BONNETS,

FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,

WREATHS, BUDS, WHEAT,

RIBBONS,

LACES, CRAPES, GIMPS, ORNAMENTS, FRAMES AND SUNDOWNS.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

KNOTTED FRINGES, HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HOSIERY, in every size and quality.

GLOVES, of every description.

KID GLOVES, of best makes, including a splendid line of all the Bright Shades, and in all numbers.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS,

In every quality, at the very

Lowest Eastern Rates.

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

my11

NEW, CHEAP AND GOOD GOODS!

FRINGES AND GIMPS

In all styles and colors.

SILK LOOPS FOR SACQUES.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF SATINS.

THE NEW COQUETTE FAN PARASOLS.

Also, a large variety of

SILK PARASOLS & SUN UMBRELLAS.

White French Whalebone Corsets,

Only 60 cts. a pair.

THE NEW

Purple and Mexique Blue Kid Gloves.

A splendid assortment of

COTTON HOSIERY.

WHITE & BRO. BALBRIGGAN HOSE.

LACE CHEMISETTES, all styles.

SILK SCARFS,

EMBROIDERIES,

LACE, &c.

Gent's Spring Undergarments.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

78 & 80 Market Street.

my7

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S

No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Gracley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.

Dealers supplied with the above at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 27

FIFTH AVENUE.

my4

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

AND LAMP GOODS.

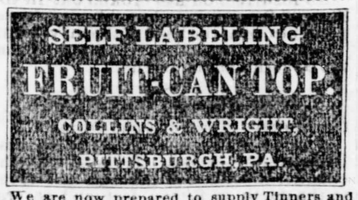
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

BENZINE, &c.

No. 147 Wood Street.

se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,

CHIMNEY TOPS

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

ap14:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,

266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS

JUST OPENED,

AT

THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',

87 Market Street.

Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,

SILKS, SHAWLS.

FULL LINE OF

SILK SACQUES,

Very Cheap.

87. MARKET STREET. 87.

ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

OF

New and Handsome Designs,

NOW OPENING AT

No. 107 Market Street

(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)

Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

(NEAR MARKET,)

SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.,

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial: he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHITE LIME.—200 barrels Fresh White Lime, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

BRUSSELS CARPETS, VELVETS, &C.

The Latest Arrival

FROM ENGLAND.

McCALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have received by steamers Samaria and Manhattan the VERY NEWEST STYLES of the ENGLISH MARKET.

They also offer a

Complete Line of

DOMESTIC CARPETING.

To which large additions are daily being made.

A Display of Goods Equal

To any ever presented in this market at LOWEST PRICES.

McCALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

(BET. WOOD & SMITHFIELD.)

ap23:h95

CARPETS.

We are now receiving our Spring Stock of Carpets, &c., and are prepared to offer as good stock and at as low prices as any other house in the Trade. We have all the new styles of Brussels Tapestry, Brussels, Three Plys and Two Plys. Best assortment of Ingrain Carpets in the Market.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

mh2:d&wT

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS

Have Now Open Their

New Spring Stock

OF

Fine Carpets,

ROYAL AXMINSTER,

TAPESTRY VELVET,

English Body Brussels.

The Choicest Styles ever offered in this Market. Our Prices are the LOWEST.

A SPLENDID LINE OF

CHEAP CARPETS.

Good Cotton Chain Carpets

AT

25 CENTS PER YARD.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

(SECOND FLOOR.)

mh6

MERCHANT TAILORS.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

A full assortment of all styles and sizes of

Boys, Youths and Children's Suits,

For Spring and Summer wear.

GRAY & LOGAN.

my12 47 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair.)

M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,

No. 10 Sixth (Late St. Clair) Street.

(Successors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.

I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.

mh11:181 W. H. McGEE.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

WHITE LIME.—200 bbls. for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 17, 1869.

CATTLE.

The supply of cattle on sale to-day was considerably below that of last week, scarcely 700 head, and with a good local demand and some little inquiry for shipment, the market was even stronger than last week, and in some instances, prices a shade higher. Medium to good cattle brought a slight advance, sold even better than drovers expected, some of them claiming that they sold this grade of stock at relatively better prices than their good cattle. Be this as it may, it was conceded on all hands that the market was better in all respects than last week, that is for sellers, and prime to extra cattle were held up to and sold at the highest notch. As will be seen by reference to report of sales below annexed, No. 1 fat, smooth steers sold at 8¼@8½; prime, at 7¾@8; and good, at 7@7¼. Stock steers sold at 5½@6½, as to quality and condition.

Lowenstein & Zeigler 34 head of good to prime Chicago steers, at 7,45@8.

Stakely & Bro. 7 head of Butler Co. steers and cows, at 4@6.

L. Rothchilds 40 head of Chicago steers at 7@7¾.

L. & J. Shamberg 60 head of Chicago steers, at 6¼@8¼.

L Keifer 34 Chicago steers, at 7@8; P. Hartman 17 do do, at 7½@8; S. Kauffman 16 do do, at 6¼@7½; E, Katz 17 do do, at 7@7¾; M. Verner 34 do do, at 7¼@8¼; Haas & Kraus 50 do do, at 7¼@8½.

Trauerman & Lobman 60 head Chicago steers, at 7½@8; 23 head of stockers, at 6½.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 57 head of Chicago steers, at 7@8¾; 2 head extra oxen for Campbell, weighing 4,000, at 9; 2 head for same, at 5¼@6½.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 16 head steers and oxen, at 6¼@7.

Greenwald & Kahn 68 head Chicago steers, at 6¾@8; 1 big heifer weighing 1,845, at 8.

Marks & Bro. 74 head Chicago steers, at 7¼@8¼.

Carr & M'Allister sold 36 head Chicago steers, at 7¼@8.

Jacob Needy 40 head Chicago steers, at 6¼@8.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was an unusually large number of sheep on sale to-day, 1,300 head, and with only a moderate local demand, and no inquiry for shipment, the market was a very dull one, and prices, generally compared with last week, ruled lower. Clipping time being nearly over, there is more disposition manifested to sell in the country though it is claimed by dealers, that farmers are still asking too much, and that this class of stock must either go lower in the country or higher here. As will be seen, No. 1 clipped sheep sold up to 6¼@6½, but the great proportion of the sheep on sale were of a low grade, and sold at from 3@5 cts, and we can report a sale of 100 scalawags, at 75 cts per head. The sales reported were as follows:

I. C. McNeese 50 head wooled sheep, at $3@4 per head.

Jacob Emmell, sold 60 head; sheep at $2,50@4, and lambs at $2@3.

Aull & Myers 125 head mixed stock at various prices.

M. Humes, 80 head Beaver Co. stock; sheep at 3@6 cts, and lambs at $2,25@3,75.

C. Beeler sold 50 head of clipped sheep to Peter Tesh, at $4 per head.

M. Flinner 75 head wooled, at $4,50@5 per head.

P. Sheltemantle sold 120 head.

Curry wholesaled 42 head wooled sheep to Garwin & Bro., at 4,35; and Garwin & Bro report having retailed 130 head.

J. F. Neely sold 132 head; lambs at $1,50@2,25; and sheep at 5@6,45 per pound.

J. Kerr sold 51 head clipped sheep at $3,50@6.

J. S. McMillan, 46 head clipped at $4@6.

J. Davis sold for Hamilton 110 head clipped sheep at 4½@5½; and 36 of his own at 4@5.

Stakely & Bro. bought 100 scalawags, at 75 cts per head.

HOGS.

The demand continues light and the market is dull, while prices are without quotable change. Sales in a retail way at 10@11 cts gross for good to prime to heavy averages, and 11¼@11½ for extra do.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 17, 1869.

The oil market was considerably excited to-day and very unsettled, for which there were several good and important reasons. One was the sharp advance in gold; another, the material and still further decline in Antwerp, and still another, was the failure of one of the largest and, heretofore, considered one of the strongest houses in New York. It is but proper to remark, however, that it was not oil that forced this house to the wall, but gold; of which, according to report, it was short some eight millions dollars, and from this it would appear that the house referred to has been engaged in operating in both. These and other less important causes, had a tendency to completely unsettle trade, and as a general thing there was a general aversion towards doing anything, either buying or selling, and a general inclination to hold off and await future developments. It is not likely that the trade here will suffer any by the failure above referred to, though, as is always the case, a failure, especially of a prominent house like this one, is calculated to have, for the time being at least, a demoralizing influence upon the market.

CRUDE.

There were but two operations reported to-day, 2,000 bbls (40 to 45) to be delivered on first water, at 14; and a "put" of 1,000 bbls for June at 13¾ and $100. Notwithstanding the strong pressure to force prices down, the increased production, and unfavorable advices from abroad, the market responds very slowly, which is owing mainly to the fact that are yet a good many options out, and these of course have to be satisfied, and as many of them were sold at prices considerably above those now prevailing, these sellers can well afford to pay market price, and still have a very handsome margin. Of course, there are also options out, some of them extending to July 1st, at 10 and 12 cts, and while these are not likely to be satisfied at present, yet they have their influence on the market, as they all call for oil, and nothing but oil or greenbacks will cancel them. Most of the sales for some time past have been made to these short sellers, and situated as some of them are, they can well afford to pay a price, which is beyond the reach of refiners. Spot oil was offered freely to-day at 13¾, with no buyers that we could hear of above 13¾.

REFINED.

Was dull and weak during the early part of the day but stiffened up somewhat in the afternoon under the influence of the advance in gold. We can report 500 each July to December at 33⅝; 500 each same months at 33½; May and June quoted at 32; and spot at 31½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refined Co., 270 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co., 369 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Cotton market is without decided change; sales 1,800 bales at 28¾c for Upland Middlings. Flour: receipts were 8,861; market rather more active and without decided change in price; sales 7,800 bbls at $5,65@5,90 for superfine State and western; $6,10@6,55 for extra State; $6@6,90 for extra western; $6,95@8 for white wheat extra; $6,25@7,40 for R. H. O.; $7@8,50 for extra St. Louis; $9@12 for good to choice do; included in the sales were 3,500 bbls extra State for export at $6,40@6,45. Rye Flour quiet; sales 150 bbls at $1,75@7. Cornmeal dull and unchanged. Whisky is a shade firmer; sales 100 bbls western at 97@98c free, Wheat: receipts were 1,200 bush; market opened rather more active and without any decided change in price, closed 1@2c better, with an increased demand for export owing to the decline in freights; sales 83,000 bush at $1,38@1,40 No. 3, spring, $1,43 in store, and $1,45@1,47½ delivered; closing at latter price; No. 2, do., 1,46@1,46½; No. 1 and 2, mixed, delivered at $1,50; No. 1, do., delivered at $1,85; white Michigan $1,41 for No. 2, spring, to arrive. Rye dull and lower; sales 1100 bu. western at $1,30@132. Barley dull and drooping. Barley malt quiet but heavy at $3,50. Canada Peas at $1,20 in bond. Receipts corn, 40,672 bu. Corn heavy at 1@2c lower; sales, 43,000 bu. at 78@89c for new; mixed western, as in quality, 90@92½ for old do. in store and afloat. Receipts oats, 13,255 bushels. Oats heavy at 1@2c lower; 26,000 bushels at 78@80 for western, afloat; closing at inside price. Stock grain in warehouse: wheat, 69,289 bushels; corn, 275,265 bu.; oats, 543,031 bushels; rye, 69,289 bushels; barley, 14,352 bushels; barley malt, 100,705 bu.; peas, 34,319 bu. Rice quiet; small sales of Carolina at 8½@9½c. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet and steady; sales of 150 hhds Cuba at 12¼@12¾c, and 500 boxes of Havana at 12c. Molasses firm and quiet Petroleum dull, at 16@16¼c for crude and 32½c for refined. Hops quiet, at 6@14c for American. Linseed Oil steady at $1,05@1,06 in casks, for small lots. Spirits Turpentine steady at 46@46¼c. Pork quiet and firm; sales of 650 bbls, at $31@31,12 for new mess; $30,75 for old do.; $24,50@25,50 for prime, and $28@28,25 for prime mess; also, sales of 750 bbls new mess, buyer for June, at $31,50. Beef quiet, sales of 120 barrels, at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef duiet; 80 tcs at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady; 160 bbls at $26@32. Cut Meats steady; 170 pkgs at 12¾@13c for shoulders, and 15½@16c for hams. Middles quiet; 100 bxs short ribbed at 16½c. Lard firmer; 525 tcs at 16¾@18½c for steam, and 18½@18⅞c for kettle rendered new. Butter quiet at 35@38c for Ohio, and 38@42 for State. Cheese firm at 19@23c. Freights to Liverpool lower; engagements per steamer 2,500 bush wheat at 2¼@3d, chiefly the inside rates

Latest.—Flour closed quiet and steady for common, and dull and heavy for medium and good grades. Wheat, 1@2c better for spring, with a fair export demand, and dull and heavy for winter. Rye dull and heavy, $1,30 for western in store. Oats quiet and heavy, 78c for western afloat. Corn dull, 80@88c for new mixed western, and 90c for old mixed western in store. Pork quiet, $31 for new mess. Beef in moderate request and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and steady. Bacon firm with moderate inquiry. Lard steady, 18¾c for good to prime steam. Eggs steady, 15@19c.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Exchange 1-10 offering 1-10 premium, Selling flour very quiet, demand chiefly for low grades; $5,40@6,30 for fair to good spring. Extra wheat opened firmer, higher and weakened toward the close; sales, No. 1 at $1,18; No. 2 sold early at $1,14¼@14¾, declined to $1,12@1,13½, and closed at $1,13⅝@14; sales since Change at $1,13@1,13¼. Corn quiet at ½c higher; sales, No. 1 at 63½c, No. 2, 58@59c for rejected 50½@51¼c; new 53½; no grade 45c; closing at 63½c for No. 1; 58 for No. 2; 51 for rejected, and 53½ for new; nothing doing this morning. Oats dull at ½c higher; sales of No, 2 at 60@60½; closing at 59½@60c. Rye more active and firmer; sales of No. 1 at $1,14@1,14½; No. 2 $1,12½@1,13, closing at $1,14½ for No. 1. Barley dull, almost nominal; sales at $1,59. High wines active, 1@1½c higher; sales at 91@92c, closing at 91½c. New Orleans molasses 95c@$1,00. Sugar, 13¼@13¾c for common to choice. Mess pork active; sales $30,75@31,00, closing at $30,75@30,87½. Lard steady and firm, ½c higher; sales at 18c. Bacon—short rib middles steady; 15c for dry salted shoulders; 11¾c for loose do. Freights unchanged; 5½ for corn to Buffalo; 9 for corn to Oswego. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours: 7,090 bbls flour, 18,184 bush wheat, 43,430 bush corn, 30,756 bush oats, 430 bush rye, 840 bush barley, 3,513 hogs. Shipments—7,014 bbls flour, 59,142 bush wheat, 36,151 bush corn, 30,243 bush oats, 2,161 bush rye; 350 bush barley, 2,528 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton and Hemp; no sales. Flour—lower grades scarce and wanted; superfine sold at $4,50@5,25, spring extra at $5,10@5,25, double extra at $5,40@6,35, and treble extra at $7,90@8,00. Wheat—all grades of fall lower at $1,40@1,65 for fair to prime and strictly prime fall, $1,70@1,95 for choice to fancy do.; spring unchanged at $1,11@1,13 for No. 2 in sacks and in elevator. and $1,16@1,17½ for No. 1. Corn steady at 64@70c in sacks, and 57c for choice yellow free in elevator. Oats firm at 65@68c. Barley inactive at $1,75@1,90 for Iowa spring. Rye—buyers held off and prices declined to $1,15@1,18 for good to prime, Whisky steady at 92c. Sugar quiet at 13½@14½c for prime to choice Louisiana. Molasses unchanged. Coffee quiet. Provisions inactive at previous prices and holders not insisting on sales. Pork sold at $31. Dry salt Shoulders packed in sugar hogsheads at 11¾c. Bacon—Shoulders 13c, clear rib sides 16¾c, clear sides 16¾@17c; sugar cured hams in canvass 20c. Lard firmer; prime to choice steam sold at 17@17½c. Cattle steady at 4@7¼c. Hogs firm at 7½@9½c. Receipts—13,700 bbls flour, 26,700 bus wheat, 8,300 bus corn, 13,400 bus oats, 900 bus rye, and 350 hogs.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—Flour dull and drooping; family $6@6,25. Wheat quiet and unchanged; No. 2 $1,35; No. 1 $1,43. Corn dull at 64@65c for ear, and 66@68c for shelled, latter rate for white. Oats quiet: No. 2 68c; No. 1 70c. Rye dull at $1,34@1,35 for No. 1. Cotton firm; middling 27@27½c. Tobacco unchanged and in good demand at full rates. Whisky firm at 95c. Mess pork quiet and held at $30,50. Bulk meats quiet but held firmly at 12@14¼c; sides are saleable at 14c, but generally held as quoted. Bacon firm, closing at 13@16¼@16¾c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides. Sugar cured hams 18@19c, with a fair demand. Lard sold to the extent of 200 tcs at 17¾c, but could not have been bought below 18c at the close, and not much offering, the advance in gold making holders withdraw from the market. Butter unchanged; fresh 35@37c. Eggs 17c. No change in oil: Linseed jobbing at $1,04. Lard oil $1,40@1,45. Petroleum at 32@33c for refined. Potatoes exceedingly dull and the market overstocked, selling in small lots at 25@30c per bushel. Groceries firm and in fair demand at previous prices. Gold 140½ buying. Money market firm and a good demand for loans at 9@12 per cent. Exchange steady at par@50 premium buying, and 1-10 premium selling.

BUFFALO, May 17.—Receipts—1,700 bbls flour, 266,000 bus wheat, 220,000 bus corn, 73,000 bus oats, 2,000 bus barley. Shipments—2,000 bbls flour, 75,000 bus wheat, 46,000 bus corn, 96,000 bus oats. In store —240,000 bus wheat, 354,000 bus corn, 200,000 bus oats, 30,000 bus rye. Freights 14c on wheat, 12c on corn, and 8c on oats to New York. Flour dull at $5,75@6,00 for city ground spring wheat. Wheat dull; sales of 15,000 bus No. 2 Chicago at $1,23, 30,000 bus No. 2 Milwaukee at $1,25, 7,000 bus Port Washington Club at $1,26, and 1,200 bus white Canada at $1,65 delivered. Corn very dull; sales of car and small lots at 60@62c; kiln dried held at 70c for choice. Oats dull and unchanged; sales of a few car lots at 68c. Rye nominal at $1,30; western entirely neglected. Barley quiet; sales of 1,000 bus Canada at $1,80 delivered. Seeds—the season is about over; sales of 340 bus Timothy at 84c. Peas dull; sales of 1 car lot Canada field at $1,20 delivered. Pork dull at $31,50 for heavy. Lard dull at 18½@19c. Highwines lower; sales of 1,000 bbls at 94½c.

CLEVELAND, May 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat very dull and nominally unchanged; No. 1 red winter held at $1,45; No. 2 do at $1,29, No. 1 Milwaukee spring at $1,30. Corn dull and nominally unchanged at 70c for No. 1 mixed; 68c for No. 2 do. The Oats market is dull and nominally unchanged. Rye quiet and nominal at $1,30@1,35 for No. 1; $1,25@1,28 for No. 2. Barley; no transactions and nominal. Petroleum dull and unchanged; Refined held at 28@29c for large lots and 30@31c for trade lots.

TOLEDO, May 17.—Flour steady at $6,-50@6, 59 for double extra and fancy brands. Wheat; amber a shade lower at $1,42½ spot; $1,41, seller June; No. 1 white Michigan $1,75; white regular 2,43, seller the month. Corn 1c better; No. 1 69c; No. 2 66. Oats 2c better; Michigan 68c. Rye dull and unchanged. Barley neglected. Receipts—2,360 bbls flour; 4,600 bu wheat; 9,000 bu corn; 7,700 bu oats; 200 bu rye. Shipments—2,100 bbls flour; 4,900 bu wheat; 20,600 bu corn; 11,800 bu oats, and 300 bu rye.

OSWEGO, May 17.—Flour unchanged; sales of 1,500 bbls, at $6,50 for No. 1 spring white. Wheat dull; sales on Saturday night of 4,500 bush fair white Canada at $1,75, and 4,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1,28. Corn quiet; sales of 8,000 bush new Illinois at 68c. Oats; none in the market. Barley, Rye and Peas nominal. Corn Meal $1,80. Lake Imports—144,500 bush wheat; 30,-700 bush corn. Canal Exports—17,800 bush wheat; 3,300 bush barley.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—Flour fairly active. Wheat dull and lower at $2,10@2,15 for prime valley red, and $1,50@1,53 for prime Pennsylvania red. Corn firm at 81@83c for prime white, and 83@84c for yellow. Oats dull at 76@78c for heavy, and 68@73c for light. Rye dull at $1,35@1,45. Mess Pork quiet at $31,50@31,75. Bacon firm at 16¾c for rib sides; 17½c for clear sides; 14½c for shoulders, and 19@20c for hams. Lard quiet at 19c. Whisky unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Flour drooping but unchanged, except for Pennsylvania extra family at $6,75@7,25; Ohio do. $7,00@8,50. Wheat neglected; red $1,55@1,60, and white $1,80@1,82. Rye $1,43@1,45. Corn in limited demand; sales of 500 bus yellow at 87c; mixed western 84@85c. Oats steady at 82c for western. Petroleum quiet at 17c for crude in bulk, and 32½c for refined in bond. Provisions unchanged. Whisky dull at 94@96c.

MILWAUKEE, May 17.—Flour dull and neglected; city spring double extra nominally $5,50@6,15. Wheat active and firm, at $1,17 for No. 1 and $1,13½ for No. 2. Corn entirely nominal. Rye dull and nominal. Barley nominally unchanged. Grain freights firm and active, at 5½c to Buffalo and 10½c to Oswego. Receipts—3,000 bbls flour; 49,-000 bush wheat; 9,000 bush oats. Shipments—7,000 bbls flour; 106,000 bush wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Beef Cattle dull, unsettled and lower; sales 1,000 head at 10¾@11c for a few choice; 9@9½c for good to prime; 7@8c for fair; 5@6½c gross common. Sheep dull and lower; sales 8,000 at 4@6½c gross. Hogs in fair demand at about former rates; sales 3,500 at $12@13 for slop fed and $13@14,25 net, for corn fed.

MEMPHIS, May 17.—Cotton quiet and nominally at 27½c. Receipts—65 bales; exports—1,019 bales. Flour dull. Corn at 73c. Oats 73@75c. Hay $27. Pork $31,75@32. Lard 18@19½c. Bacon firm; shoulders 13½c; sides 17¾@17½c. Bulk meats are dull; shoulders 12½c; sides 16½c.

DETROIT, May 17.—Wheat—receipts of 6,500 bu and the market a trifle weaker; No. 1 white winter $1,60@1,61; No. 2 do. $1,37; No. 1 amber $1,42. Corn firm at 70c. Oats scarce at 70c.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 17.—We have a total of 5,648 head of cattle for the week. There were 2,776 head on sale to-day; trade was slow, and about 200 head remain unsold. Prices are ¼@½c lower than on Friday, and scarcely as good as one week ago; only now and then an extra fat animal brought 16½c; 16c is really the top of the market, and 15c the price of good wholesale lots; the average is a trifle over 14½c, scarcely anything going below 13c. Cattle were unusually uniform and of good quality. The chief market to-day was at Communipaw, where 2,528 head were on sale. The following transactions are given: J. T. Alexander had 664 Illinois steers on sale, from 6½ to 7 cwt. at 14@16c; A. Judy, 100 Texas still fed in Illinois, 6 cwt., at 15c; Geary @ Co., 80 Illinois cattle, 6¾ cwt., 14c; Woods and Gillespie, 90 Illinois steers, 7 cwt., 14½c; Maxwell and Berry, 80 steers, 7 cwt., 15c. Illinois contributed 480 head cattle, Missouri 336, Texas 150 head, and Canada 108 head. Sheep number 18,895 head for the week and 5,200 to-day; the market is more active, but at firmer rates; 5@6c for very thin to common sheared, 6½@7¼c for medium to prime, and 8c for large extra fat sheep. Lambs only come from Jersey, and are worth 10@14c, and 15c for very choice; sales 2 cars Ohio sheared poor, 70 pounds, at 5½c; 1 car, 87 pounds, at 6¾c; 2 cars, 80 pounds, at 6½c; 1 car, 85 pounds, at 7c; 3 cars Illinois wool sheep, 85 pounds, at 7½c; 1 car extra Ohio clipped Ware stock, 113 pounds, at 8c; 1,000 sheep are unsold to-night. The weather is cool and favorable for trade in all kinds of stock. Hogs: receipts 18,553 head for the week, with 67 cars for to-day; still the market is active and prices firm at 9¾@10½c; dressed brought 12½c, with some holding for an advance; sales of live 1 car Indiana, 183 pounds, at 10½c; 5 cars Illinois, 197 to 205 pounds, at 10½c, with a lot at 10¾c.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about at a stand last evening with six feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather cloudy and cool, with indications favorable for more rain.

The St. Marys from Cincinnati is the only transient arrival we have to report. She leaves as usual to-day on her return trip, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. The St. Marys has acquired an enviable reputation since she entered the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati packet trade this season, for speed, promptness and accommodations, and she has done better thus far than any other boat that has been in the trade for years. Capt. T. C. Sweny in command and Morris Dorsey in the office.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. B. C. Martin, takes her departure for St. Louis to-day without fail. The Maggie is one of the staunchest and most reliable boats in the trade, and makes her trips with dispatch and great regularity. Mr. J. F. Dravo still retains charge of the office.

The new steamer Matamoras No. 2, will be the first boat out for New Orleans.

The Glendale from St. Louis, is among the first boats due. The Lorena and Kate Putnam from the same point, are also en route for this port.

The Gallatin has dropped out of the Pittsburgh and Parkersburg trade, so that for the present, at least, Capt. Brennan, of the Eagle has it all to himself. It is supposed that the Gallaten will go into the Pittsburgh and Brownsville packet trade again.

The New State No. 2, built at Wheeling, for the Pittsburgh and Wheeling packet trade, was expected here last night, and will leave again to-day at noon.

—A Little Rock (Arkansas) dispatch says :The Leni Leoti, from Little Rock to New Orleans, towing 200 tuns Government freight, struck a snag at McNeal's Landing, and sunk in fifteen feet of water. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The boat was valued at $12,000. She belonged to the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company. There was no insurance.

—The Argosy arrived at St. Louis from Pittsburgh on Friday last.

—The logs are being run out of the St. Croix river at the rate of 1,000,000 feet per day, but their place is more than filled by others coming in.

—Capt. John B. Davis has secured the mail contract from the month of the Arkansas to Pine Bluff. It embraces a semi-weekly mail.

—The Memphis *Avalanche*, of the 11th says that "we are assured by Capt. Jim White that the Frank Pargoud will not enter the St. Louis trade. She will lay up next month, when some alteration will be made in her wheels. The Governor Allen will take the Pargoud's place in the New Orleans and Greenville trade as a summer packet.

—The St. Nicholas, sunk in view of Natchitoches, La., since Christmas last, and lying placidly straight and even, has had to succumb to the flood. On last Saturday evening her whole upper works, pilot house and texas gave way with the heavy current and drift and floated off past the town. Nothing now remains in sight of the St. Nicholas.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 17.—River rising slowly, with 8 feet 4 inches of water in the Canal. Weather cloudy and moderately warm.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 17.—100 bbls flour Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr; 1 car middlings, H Schnelbach; 250 pigs lead, Dithridge & Son; 500 bbls flour, owners; 400 do do, Dan Wallace; 50 do do, E Heazleton; 25 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 500 bbls flour, J M Montgomery; 100 do do, C B Leech; 2 cars wheat, 50 sks oats, Scott & Gisal; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 55 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 45 bbls spirits, Hostetter & Smith; 50 bbls highwines, Little & Mechling; 1 car oats, O H Allerton; 25 bbls flour, S S Marvin; 45 bdls broom handles, McElroy & Harrison; 4 bbls eggs, 30 bxs cheese, 9 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 3 pkgs Buggerman & O'Brien; 14 bgs rye, 19 do barley, M B Suydam; 15 bbls apples, Meanor & Harper; 2 bbls eggs, L J Blanchard; 20 bxs soap, W Wilber & Co; 25 do do, M W Rankin; 10 do do, E Heazleton; 17 do do, Woodworth & Davison; 57 do do, N J Braden; 31 sks oats, W H Hagan; 123 bxs cheese, W Walcott; 30 do do, T C Jenkins; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McC & Co; 1 car oats and feed, W H Nanker & Son; 1 car feed, J & W Fairley; do do, R H Conway; 47 bdls hides, G N Hoffstott; 10 kgs apple butter, W H Graff.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 17.—20 hhds sugar, Dilworth & Co; 4 tcs hams, J B Sneathen; 17 casks copper, Hussey & Co; 25 bxs cheese, J A Graff; 7 do do, Bruggeman & O'B; 2 cars stone, J L L Knox; 1 do oats, W G Miller; 1 do pipes, H H Collins; 272 sks oats Graham & M. 2 cars limestone ore, Zug & Co; 1 do do, M'Knight, P & Co; 2 do do, M'Knight & Co; 1 do lumber, B Schmidt; 50 bbls sand, Dithridge & Son; 1 bbl, 1 bx, 6 bdls copper, J Benedict; 19 fan mills, Floyd & Co; 2 hf bbls tobacco, C Baer; 10 bbls apples, 5 bxs cheese, J J Pettit; 20 sks scraps, Flaccus & Son; 10 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 20 do do, Watt, L & Co; 8 bbls pearl barley, Ruehart & Stevens; 12 coils old rope, Godfrey & Clark; 2 bbls eggs, R Peet; 3 do apples, Van Gorder & S; 5 tubs chdese, J Daub.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 17.—1620 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 480 do do, Spray Refinery; 960 do do, Star Oil Works; 520 do do, Owsten & Sowers; 80 do do, Lockhart, Frew & Co; 1 car grain, W Gormley; 1 do metal, H Woodsides; 1 do do, M'Knight, Porter & Co; 12 bales straw, J Matthews; 18 bbls eggs, owners; 44 bgs oats, Keil & Ritchart; 1 car grain, Martin, Brickell & Co; 1 do lime, D L Reynolds. 5 do limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 45 sks oats, 13 do rye, 6 do wheat, Scott & Gisal; 2 pkgs eggs, Little & Baird.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, May 17.—17 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 1 cask meat, Carter, McG & Co; 5 sks wheat, 39 do oats, 15 do rye, 43 do oats, Meanor & Harper; 43 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 27 do do, F Schilds; 9 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 50 do brooms, J Conner; 100 hf bbls herrings, Smith, J & Co; 30 cases lard, Arbuckles & Co; 22 bales cotton, Holmes, B & Co; 40 sks potatoes, J M Montgomery; 3 cars rye, D Wallace; 2 hhds tobacco, E Wormser; 1 do do, M Hill; 10 bbls liquor, W H Holmes.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 17.—1 car corn, Jas Shaw; 2 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 2 cars staves, Ralya & Robertson; 1 car flaxseed, W H Platt; 34 doz brooms, E B Mathews; 40 bgs oats, Johnston & McFarland; 1 car lime, J Abdell; 15 bbls apples, Owens & Kennedy; 3 bbls eggs, J Kohen; 12 rolls leather, James Callery; 100 bbls flour, A Martin; 100 do do, J B McKee; 1 car middlings, R Knox & Son; 2 csks cheese, J Baldinger; 1 do do, C Koenig.

EDMUND LAKE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Ve Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for ja8:30

RIVER PACKETS.

NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer LEONIDAS.....Capt. F. EVANS. Will leave as above THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, BROWNSVILLE, Texas—The new and staunch-built steamer MATAMORAS, No. 3.....Capt. R. DALZELL, Will leave as above on THURSDAY, the 20th inst. For freight or passage apply on board or to mys FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer MAGGIE HAYS.....Capt. B. C. MARTIN. Will leave for the above ports on TUESDAY, the 18th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

1869.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and St. Paul,

AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

One of the splendid Sidewheel Steamers of this Line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Davenport, Dubuque, Winona, Stillwater and St. Paul. Through receipts for Freight and Passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi on steamers running from this port and connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis, thus enabling Consignees to get their Freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to JOHN FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to R. C. GRAY, 91 Water street. mh26:r23

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf boat, foot of Wood street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI. Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY 12 M. Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M. The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents. N. B.—No Freight received on Tuesday after 11 A. M. mh29

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF LONDON, Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr. 70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building, Nearly opposite Post Office) Pittsburgh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to TWO DOLLARS abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,

ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11, Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original big number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

de25:TU-S

LEGS!

LEGS!!

The Artificial Limb Manufacturing CO.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNA.

All Shareholders are Men Wearing the Limbs Made by the Company.

To those requiring a limb we would say that our own experience has induced us to establish a factory here that would make a comfortable and durable limb for a *reasonable price*. After trying a number of solid socket and padded socket legs, we have each found more comfort and use fulness in this "ADJUSTABLE, LACEING SOCKET" than in any other made in the country. One of our number, a skilled mechanic, has charge of the shop. We have bought the right to use two of the best patents, and by our experience we hope to improve in every way that will add to the comfort, durability or appearance of the limbs we make. We have put the price of our new legs at $80. Persons from a distance are only detained in the city while the measure and a cast of the injured limb is taken.

The saving to purchasers, as compared with Eastern prices, is from $20 to $95 in the price of legs; at least $26 railroad fare, hotel bills and other traveling expenses, and then we are satisfied that our limb *will give better satisfaction than any one made in New York or Philadelphia.* If we can get orders, we can maintain our factory at the above price, and we therefore ask an examination before going elsewhere.

We make to order and keep on hand a supply of stockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, &c. For further information or circular, containing many testimonial letters from those who have worn our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING CO., No. 503 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap13:h35 TTHT

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

GRAY'S FERRY PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

BUTTER.—10 Boxes Fresh Dairy Roll Butter, just received by express. J. E. GANFIELD, 121 First avenue.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex	1:58 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:38 a m	Chicago Ex	12:03 p m
Cl. & Whg M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:50 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex	4:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'le & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:48 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	4:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday church	9:58 a m

☞ 2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily. ☜ 12:03 p. m. Chicago

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors

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OFFICIAL PAPER
of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One year...$8.00	One year.$2.50	Single copy...$1.50
One month 75	Six mos 1.50	5 copies, each 1.25
By the week 15	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15
(from carrier.)		and one to Agent.

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of Allegheny county are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections in the several wards, boroughs and townships, on

SATURDAY, MAY 29th, 1869,

And elect delegates from each election district to each of the three following Conventions, viz:

Two delegates from each to the COUNTY CONVENTION, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Sheriff, Recorder, Register, Treasurer, Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, Clerk of the Orphans' Court and Commissioner.

Two other delegates from each to the LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION, for the purpose of nominating one candidate for State Senator, for one year, to fill the unexpired term of Russell Errett, resigned, and six candidates for Assembly. And

Two other delegates from each to the JUDICIAL CONVENTION, to nominate one candidate for Judge of the District Court, and one candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and elect eight delegates to represent the county in the Republican State Convention.

These Conventions will severally meet, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1869,

At 11 o'clock A. M., at the following places:

The COUNTY CONVENTION will meet at the COURT HOUSE.

The LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION will meet at CITY HALL, on Market street. And

The JUDICIAL CONVENTION will meet in MASONIC HALL, on Fifth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

The election of delegates will be held between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M., and will be held, as far as practicable, by the Republican members of the election boards in the several districts; and in those districts where the Republican election officers are a minority of the regular election boards, the said officers are authorized to appoint enough additional officers to complete the board.

The voting in the cities and boroughs shall, in all cases, be by ballot, and in the townships by marking.

The President of each Convention will appoint a Committee of three, the three Committees thus appointed to meet together, as soon as practicable after the adjournment of the Conventions, and appoint a County Committee for the ensuing year.

By order of the County Committee.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.
JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "Aileen Aroon," Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia State Items, Washington Correspondence, Letter from Brownsville, Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household, Amusement Directory.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 141⅜@141¾.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅝.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 41½f.

THE Treasury sinking fund receives a weekly addition of $1,000,000, in bonds purchased by the Secretary, in pursuance of the Act of '62. The bonds are stamped, as belonging to that fund, and will be again offered for sale under no circumstances whatever.

THE great tunnel under the city of Baltimore, for the use of the Potomac and Northern Central Railways, is to be put under contract forthwith. It will cross from the western boundary of the city to Jones' Falls and, with the needful collateral works, will give employment to thousands of men.

WE should not have omitted to direct the attention of our Republican readers to the card in which Hon. THOMAS HOWARD is announced as a candidate for nomination to the State Senate. A gentleman of integrity, ability, and familiarity with public affairs, if elected, as he will be if nominated, he will be a creditable representative for Allegheny county.

HAS it struck any of our friends that the day set apart for decorating the soldiers' graves is the same designated by the Republican Executive Committee for holding the primary elections? Inasmuch as all persons desire to participate in the solemn proceedings at the cemeteries, and that many will be deprived of that pleasure if the time for holding the meetings be not changed, we would strongly advise the political committee to change the programme in order to afford everybody a holiday free of politics and business of any character.

WITH one exception Alabama is probably, politically, the pleasantest of the Southern States for Northern or foreign immigrants. The people there seem to have made up their minds, pretty well, to accept the situation, and indeed from all accounts seem anxious that men of capital or skill should come among them, and in order to effect this object, or perhaps for other reasons, allow a good deal of that freedom of thought and action which Americans are accustomed to look upon as their birth rights. We have received a copy of the Alabama Manual and Statistical Register for 1869, a valuable work, compiled for the purpose of giving all such information concerning the resources of that State as may be useful to persons living there or thinking of doing so, or of investing in land or any of the numerous projects for developing the State. The book seems to be a good and exhaustive one; it is edited by Mr. JOSEPH HODGSON, editor of the Montgomery *Mail*, and a gentleman qualified by his position for the work which he has undertaken.

THE RIGHT KIND OF DIPLOMACY.

In view of the expected visit to this city by a distinguished party of the foreign Diplomatic representatives at Washington, we take a great deal of pleasure in expressing the general intention among our citizens to contribute, by the largest possible courtesy and attention, to the favorable impressions which these gentlemen should receive, of the skill, enterprise, wealth and culture of this manufacturing city. Their close investigation of the material resources of the Republic—and where have they a better field for observation than in Pittsburgh?—cannot fail to inspire the greatest foreign powers, through their own confidential advisers here, with juster ideas of our National importance, than they may glean through all the official red tape diplomacy of the Cabinets. Let us enable Mr. THORNTON, and the Baron LADEREB, and their friends, to perceive in what we are doing every day, the true secret of that recent four years' work of American patriotism, which remains to this hour a mystery to the other peoples of Christendom. They can find the explanation in our schools and in our workshops, in the General Diffusion of Knowledge and in the universal recognition of the Dignity of Labor.

A CORRECTION.

We have the following note from a highly respected citizen and esteemed friend:

PITTSBURGH, May 15th, 1869.

Will the editors of the GAZETTE say how, as Christian men, they dare recommend the *Sunday Leader* to the Christian public as a first-class paper for Sunday reading? Do you, in the face of the commandment of Almighty God, mean to say that it is safe for me to pursue my regular business on the first day of the week (the Christian Sabbath) as on other days in defiance of the Fourth Commandment? Do you say that God has abrogated the Fourth Commandment, and if so will you please show when this was done? If I can pursue my business on Sunday without incurring the Divine displeasure, I may then defy the law of my State, for man has no right to set a bound to my legitimate business. I ask these questions for the purpose of reconciling to my own conscience the teachings of your issue of Saturday, May 15th, in which you call the attention of your readers to the advertisement of the Pittsburgh *Leader*, and recommend it as a proper paper for support.

The editors of the GAZETTE have shared in their correspondent's feeling of indignant surprise at the appearance of the offensive paragraph. It found its way into our columns without first meeting the supervision of the responsible Editors, who would not have failed to suppress it. When we say that its terms of laudation were wholly unmerited, and in point of fact untrue in either a moral, political, or a business sense, and equally at variance with the known opinions of the editorial management of the GAZETTE, we need scarcely add any other expression of our own regret for the publication. We thank our correspondent for this opportunity to disavow it altogether.

BUSINESS WITH THE PACIFIC.

The first through train, from the Western coast, reached Omaha on Saturday with five hundred passengers. We do not suppose that the regular business of the next twelve months will show a daily average of more than one-tenth this amount of travel. But it is as equally certain to show a daily, weekly and monthly increase, and with each returning year, a rapidly swelling tide of traffic which ere long will tax the utmost capacities of the great Continental artery. With the fatigues of the transit alleviated, its perils altogether dissipated, and the formidable interruptions from the wintry elements obviated, the railway must ultimately monopolize a very large share of the business of our North-west coast, which has hitherto been conducted across the Isthmus of Panama. Much of this business has pertained to the interior districts of our Pacific States, with an expensive, and often tedious, transit between such points and their nearest sea-ports. For so much of it, the railway route will be preferable at once, while its greater speed, and the lower cost by which it is soon to be marked, will also commend it to the travel and trade of the maritime cities.

The Panama route in 1867 transported property valued at $91,000,000, two-thirds of which was Eastward bound, and more than half of it in the precious metals. There were also thirty-five thousand passengers in the same year, which would average fifty per day each way. The new railway will stimulate as speedy and large an increase of this travel, as we have invariably seen to follow the development of that system in our inter-State business nearer home. It is not all of our readers who have an adequate idea of the great changes which have thus been brought about, even in this generation, in the intercommunication of our own States and neighborhoods. But there are many who will remember the stage-lines which, twenty-five years since, were ample for the carriage of a score of daily passengers from the West, via Pittsburgh, eastward across the Alleghenies. It is not so long as that since the writer of this paragraph, one wintry day and night, was the sole passenger by the mail-stage route between Cincinnati and Columbus—route which now requires four or five daily trains bearing twice as many hundred travellers. So it need not surprise any one to see a daily transit of at least five hundred passengers over the Pacific railway within three years time. And with this must also come a corresponding growth of the trans-continental carriage, of both the American and the Asiatic trade.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR GEORGIA.

Georgia furnishes us with a daily report of citizens assassinated for opinion's sake. The victim is always an Union man, and sometimes it is his dark skin which renders his presumption, in daring to rise above the proscription of men who are no longer his masters, an unpardonable and fatal offence. Georgia is the one remaining black blot upon the otherwise regenerated face of the South. And why? Whose fault is it? What party is answerable to just censure, for a condition of things in that State, which abrogates constitutions, defies all law, tramples upon every personal right, and practically blasts for that people all the good fruits of a great struggle, in which it is the popular idea that Liberty and the Law triumphed over all opposition. The lesson taught to intelligent observers by current events affords a palpable answer. Murder, whether by secret assassination or with the open defiance of mobs, is as much a legal crime to-day in Georgia as it has ever been, before 1861 or since. The laws of that State furnish the same clear definition of indivldual rights, in life, limb or property, as they ever did, and the same penalties are still prescribed for any violation thereof. The theory of their local government is as perfect in these respects as it need be, for the amplest protection of the humblest, or even of the most obnoxious, citizen, so long as he himself obeys the laws to which he looks for his own safeguards. Yet, personal outrages, for political causes, and of every deep shade of villainous atrocity, are daily perpetrated, and go daily unpunished, in a State which has nominally two governments, and cannot realize the shadow of those benefits which either one of them should confer upon every individual citizen. And this state of things, if left unchecked, promises to be worse before it is better. Where is the fault? Where is the remedy?

We have always regretted the failure of Congress to settle the muddle in the political status of Georgia. That which is now neither a firm and impartial military control as over an unorganized State with a confessedly still rebel population, nor an energetic, faithful and responsible State Government, duly chosen and cordially supported by the people themselves, might have been converted, by twenty well chosen words of Congressional intervention last winter, into either one or the other of the needful and sufficient forms of public authority which should be felt, respected and obeyed. But Congress flinched from its clear line of duty, and Georgia experiences a condition of things which verges closely upon a social and political anarchy. Because Congress might have prevented this, it does not follow that Congress is to be held wholly respensible for the continuing disorders. The greater fault is decidedly to be attributed rather to the incompetency of a State authority which may be the government *de jure* but is not so in fact—because, although it has legally the requisite prerogatives for the maintenance of the last letter of the local laws, it must look to the military aid of the Federal arm to support the authority which is not respected by the people—and Governor BULLOCK has neither the nerve nor the political honesty to ask for that aid. Since Congress did what it should not have done in partially admitting Georgia to the Union, and did not do what it ought to to have done in promptly turning out its half reconstructed rebels upon the discovery of their blundering duplicity, there is no law to-day under which the Federal Administration can interpose for the protection of her peaceful citizens, except upon the requisition of the bastard State government over which BULLOCK presides. And this Governor has not, probaly dares not, make that requisition for military aid which existing formalities prescribe. The President is helpless, and the Governor is worthless, because he can but will not put down the lawless violence which is now rampant throughout Georgia. The responsibility for this state of things properly belongs therefore to Governor BULLOCK directly. So long as he remains the Chief Magistrate, and will not do his duty, we can see no help for the present difficulties until next winter, when, let us hope, Congress will no longer delay its proper response to the appeals of the proscribed, hunted and outraged Unionists of Goargia, and to the demands of the National sentiment, in the effectual and perfected reconstruction of that unfortunate State.

A DIRECT ROAD TO DENVER.

The Kansas Pacific Railway—formerly known as the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, but the name was changed by act of Congress at the last session—now terminates at a little improvised town on the plains called Sheridan, four hundred and five miles west of Kansas city. At that point the Congressional subsidy of $16,000 per mile in national bonds ceased, and the work has been suspended for about a year. Nevertheless, although the road begins at the Missouri river and ends where it does, far from any commercial centre or even settlement, its operation during the past year has been profitable, its gross earnings having amounted to $1,910,162; its operating expenses, repairs, &c., to $1,036,494; leaving a net revenue of $873,668. Of the gross earnings, $487,920 were for government transportation, consisting of freight, troops and mails, and $1,422,242 arose from the ordinary railroad business of freight and passengers.

Such a degree of success on a new and unfinished road, in a new country, penetrating the plains nearly two hundred miles beyond the present border of population, is a most triumphant vindication of the wisdom of the location of this road to the Pacific, and attests the amazing progress of population and business in Kansas. Yet Congress, having lavished millions and scores of millions upon the more northern line by way of the Platte and Salt Lake, has shut down upon this road and left it sticking fast in the very heart of the great plains. But national generosity or enterprise, like the ocean, has its floods and its ebbs; and perhaps Congress in this case but responded to what was the popular sentiment for the moment, and did right in so doing.

At all events it has happened to turn out well; for now enterprising capitalists, seeing that it is a first-rate enterprise, have stepped forward and taken the work in hand without Congressional aid, other than a grant of lands along the line of the road—lands which, without a road, are absolutely worthless—and the work will be immediately resumed and energetically prosecuted.

We do not say that these capitalists are going to pick up this gigantic enterprise and push it on to the Pacific; but they are prepared to carry the main line from Sheridan to Cheyenne Wells, a distance of about sixty miles, and then, from that old trading point, construct a branch road to Denver, a distance of about 175 miles. This branch will pass through the best part of the territory of Colorado, and through or near to extensive coal fields and pine forests, and terminate at the emporium and centre of the great mining districts of that territory. The Omaha or Platte road runs near to the northern border of that territory, but does not touch it; while this road will penetrate to its centre, and through its richest and most productive part.

From Cheyenne Wells the main line to the Pacific will bear off in a Southwestern direction, through New Mexico and Arizona, over a route that has been carefully surveyed and found to be good, and in a climate than which there is none more salubrious and delightful in the world. It is a route that will never be interrupted by snows, and every part of which will be enlivened by agricultural or mining activity, and consequently the road, like that through Kansas, will have a large and ever-increasing way traffic. No road of any considerable length can be operated profitably without that.

But it is not to be expected that private enterprise, unaided by government, can for a long time to come grapple with this greater enterprise; yet it is a great point gained to have the Kansas road extended to Denver, and to an immense area of the richest part of the Rocky Mountain range. There is gold-bearing quartz enough in that region to give profitable employment to many thousands of men, and there will soon be a market there for food, clothing, machinery and a thousand other things which will give prosperity to many other thousands. We, here in Pittsburgh, with our water and railway communication direct with Kansas City, have a deep interest in this work; and the day is not distant when our commercial relations with that nearest of our great gold fields will be close, intimate, and immensely remunerative.

This Denver branch runs directly to that part of the Rocky Mountains in which is found the rarest combination of the grand and the beautiful in natural scenery, and probably the most salubrious atmosphere to be found in the world. When the road is completed it will become a favorite resort of summer tourists. The North, Middle and South Parks lie just back of Denver, like polished emeralds in the very heart of the mountains, eight thousand feet above tide, surrounded by chains of peaks crowned with perpetual snow.

The same parties who pushed the Kansas Pacific road as far as it has gone are carrying forward this Denver branch enterprise, and the effect of the extension of this great road to that point will be to render the entire Kansas Pacific road, so far as it has been made, one of the most profitable in the country. Its local trade in Kansas, together with the trade of New Mexico—now carried on from its western terminus in wagons—has already made it a good paying road; but with the Denver trade superadded, together with the lumber and coal of the mountain slope, and the rapidly increasing business along its border in Kansas, it will very soon be one of the most profitable roads in the country, and convince Congress and the people that the greater work of pushing on through to the Pacific will be not only a safe but a very profitable operation.

It is the way trade, and the development of the vast wealth of the great but hitherto almost inaccessible interior of the continent, and not the trade of China, Japan, India, or even of California, that is going to make these long roads from the Missouri to the Pacific coast pay. The Chicago *Evening Post*, in commenting upon the recent completion of the Northern line to California, made some sensible remarks, from which we quote a few sentences.

The popular belief that the nation or the city that has the trade of the Indies is destined to sudden greatness, would be true as it was of old, if that were now, as it was once, the only trade that the world has. But the times have changed. The miners of Colorado, Idaho, Wyoming, New Mexico and Montana, Utah, and the farmers who occupy the bottom lands between the mineral ranges, are worth more to the men in this city who sell merchandise, and to the men who make steam engines, mining tools, agricultural implements and all the other necessaries demanded by pioneer life, than the trade of all the disciples of Buddha, Brahma and Confucius combined, though we should bag every lac of rupees that they will send to this continent. And what is more, that territorial trade is yet in its infancy.

Unfortunately for that great line of road, the country it traverses is, for perhaps twelve hundred miles, probably the most destitute of natural resources, and the most unfit for settlement, of any part of our national domain from the line of the British Possessions on the north to that of Mexico on the South. It is this fact, together with the tremendous snows of that region, which still leaves the success of that road an unsolved problem

THE TRUE AMERICAN SYSTEM.

Forty-five years since, Gen. JACKSON wrote to D'COLEMAN, of Pennsylvania, a letter so replete with patriotism and common-sense, as to secure for him the immediate adhesion and steady support of our people to the last remaining hour of his political career. The annexed paragraph from the letter will show the reader what Old Hickory thought of the American system of protection for home industry. He said:

Take from agriculture in the United States 600,000 men, women, and children, and you at once give a home market for more breadstuffs than all Europe now furnishes. In short, sir, we have been too long subject to the policy of British merchants. It is time we should become a little more *Americanized*. * *

It is, therefore, my opinion that a careful tariff is much wanted to pay our national debt, and afford us the means of that defense within ourselves on which the safety and liberty of our country depend, and last, though not least, give a proper distribution to our labor, which must prove beneficial to the happiness, independence and wealth of the community.

Faithfully in consonance with the opinions and policy which Gen. JACKSON thus supported, the friends of protection for our own labor, and of a home-market for home-productions, are laboring at this moment to expose the sophistries by which the advocates of a foreign competition in these markets are striving to embarrass and defeat the only sound American doctrine. For example, at a large public meeting of the friends of domestic industry, held in Philadelphia, April 29, 1869, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, the Congressional Committee of Ways and Means is instructed to consider the propriety of revising the Tariff laws, and to recommend to Congress at its next session such legislation upon that subject as may seem to be expedient: therefore, *Resolved* that the following statement be presented to the said Committee as embodying the views of the productive industries of this country:

First, That the development of our own resources and the firm possession of our own markets are much more important than foreign commerce to the welfare of all the people of this nation, to the solvency of the Government, and to the attraction of the better class of immigrants; and that by no other method can a durable resumption of specie payments be attained than by increasing American production and checking importation.

Secondly, That to maintain such possession of our own markets, and thus to attain financial independence, we must be able to produce at home nearly all the manufactured articles needed by our people, including those which require the facilities of great establishments of many workmen trained to special arts, and of large capital, and we must also be constantly undertaking those new industries which the advances in the arts and the progress of civilization require.

Thirdly, That it is impossible for such great establishments to prosper, for smaller ones to spring up, and for the new industries to take root under a fickle and sometimes unfriendly policy which holds them constantly in fear of revulsions.

Fourthly, That as a means of promoting regular growth in the productive powers of our country, it is the duty of the government to announce, adhere to, and steadfastly act upon the policy of defending its citizens in their industrial conflict with foreign nations, of assuring to those who are supporting the government a marked preference in our markets over aliens who are our rivals in peace and our foes in war, and of obliging foreigners who wish to reap the advantage of the better markets created by our institutions, to pay toll upon the goods they send here, and thus share the expense of maintaining those institutions.

Fifthly, That a policy of firm and steady protection to American industry being distinctly announced, a general tariff law should be framed embracing the entire range of imported goods and superseding all former tariff laws, the duties being made specific so far as conveniently possible and high enough to afford fair wages and reasonable profits to such American workingmen and employers as apply themselves with assiduity, skill and intelligence to industries suited to our condition and resources.

Sixthly, That in order to diminish the labor of Congress, and to expedite those future modifications in tariff legislation which the development of new industries or the changes of trade may from time to time render desirable, some department, bureau, or commission, should be created, specifically charged with the duty of keeping watch over this subject, with authority to examine witnesses, make investigations, hear statements, and to submit to Congress at the opening of each session a brief report, accompanied, when necessary, by a draft of a bill embodying such legislation as may seem expedient.

Seventhly, Experience having clearly shown that the maintenance of domestic production is the only sure method for reducing the prices of manufactured goods, it is grossly unjust to the employers of operatives who ask for the legislation needful for keeping their hands employed, to charge them with endeavoring to aggrandize themselves at the expense of the public. They do not desire or expect for themselves or their employes to escape from the toil and strife which are the common lot of man, but they protest against being obliged to follow the employers of other countries in experimenting on the degree of degredation and misery which can be endured by a laboring population, and they claim that our national legislation should be such as to enable our producing classes to enjoy civilizing influences, and to permit employers to acquire solidity enough to give steadiness to manufacturing pursuits.

Resolved, That a Committee consisting of Messrs. Joseph Wharton, Henry C. Lea, William Sellers, and Morton McMichael, be appointed to present the foregoing statement to the Committee of Ways and Means, with power to confer with that Committee, and to take such action in the premises as may conduce to the common welfare.

MORTON MCMICHAEL, Chairman.
CYRUS ELDER, Secretary.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

[We have received the following from a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with the politics of Europe.—ED.]

I am surprised that the canard of the triple alliance between England, France and Spain, should have received any credence or consideration in this country. England may desire allies against America; disturbed Spain may grasp at any floating straw; but the French wish that the peace which has so long remained unbroken between France and the United States should be continued. These two great Powers fought side by side against oppression and freedom in the bud; and while serfdom darkened the broad lands of Russia, and the black inheritance of slavery blotted the fair folds and dimmed the brightness of the Star Spangled Banner, France could and did foresee, as part of a new creation, this bud of promise bursting and blossoming in the full flower of freedom. It was destined to bloom in America. The Emancipation Proclamation of your ever memorable Lincoln wiped slavery from civilization. If that was one of her destines, can she not yet claim a higher one? Is there not one awaiting her if she extends her hand for a true triple alliance, a Trinity of Nations? and, without force of arms, in this, the Nineteenth Century, proclaim to the world, "Peace on Earth, Good will toward Men"!

AMERICAN ARCHITECTURE.—At present we have no architecture; we build well, and our streets show elegant and commodious dwellings, costly and elaborate churches, solid-looking banks, plain and useful public schools, gorgeous hotels, and warehouses of every style; but we look in vain for the expression of an original idea—for the successful working out of a distinct purpose. We have buildings in every imagineable exaggeration of bad taste and with every possible confusion of rule, order and style—aggravatingly pretentious and provokingly destitute of architectural fitness. A Greek temple stands for a custom-house, a college, or a bank; a prison is represented by a Norman keep or an Egyptian temple; a court-house resembles a barn or factory; and so most of our public buildings might be interchanged without sacrifice of or detriment to any rule of architectural propriety or æsthetic feeling.—*From an article on Expression in Art, in Lippincott's Magazine for June.*

GOVERNOR SEWARD having gone into retirement at Auburn, has been strongly pressed to improve his leisure by writing the records of his time, and a political history of the State of New York. The Governor has decidedly refused, however, though the publishers offered most liberal inducements. He says the only literary work he will perform is the preparation of something *in memoriam* of his deceased daughter, a woman of wonderful promise, who died last year.

THE REASON WHY

Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher is the best. It is computed that a man's system undergoes three times a year, that is every four months, a radical and thorough change, that is, that at the end of that time nothing remains in the system of the material of which it was composed before that time. The eliminating organs carry out the worn-out and used-up material, and new matter is made to take its place and carry on the workings of the human organism. The cost of four months treatment in this way would not at the outside be more than ten dollars, and frequently the functions of life have an activity and vigor imparted sufficient to renew them by the use of one bottle, costing only one dollar. No organ of the body but will be benefitted by such a process. The liver, the stomach, the kidneys, the skin, the lungs, are all, as it were, made over again by the impetus given to the stomach and digestive system—old and prostrated people whose systems had begun to languish and decay, have been restored by DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER to youthful health and vigor. Especially is this medicine suitable at this season of the year, when the dormant powers of life, like all the rest of nature are emerging from the chilling and torpid state usual to the cold and wintry months. We know very well that all advertised medicines are apt to be regarded as useless and nugatory, but with DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER we feel perfectly secure in the promise that it must do good. Country merchants and those who supply others with needful things for their wants cannot confer a greater service than to keep a few bottles of this valuable medicine on their shelves to supply their wants. Dr. Keyser will take back every half dozen that remains unsold. It at the same time affords the merchant a good profit, and to those who need it, it is of more value than silver and gold, for what can be of more value to man than a medicine which carries health and life to the suffering invalid?

We earnestly entreat all who read this to try one bottle of Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher if they need such a medicine, and we will guarantee satisfaction. In order, however, not to be disappointed, let them buy none but that which has Dr. Keyser's name over the cork and blown in the bottle, and in that way the Doctor will hold himself responsible for its results when the directions are closely followed.

SOLD AT THE DOCTOR'S GREAT NEW MEDICINE STORE, NO. 160 LIBERTY ST.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS, NO. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 10 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

LET US PROTECT OURSELVES.

The physical structure of the strongest human being is vulnerable everywhere. Our bodies are endowed by nature with a certain negative power, which protects them, to some extent, from unwholesome influences; but this protection is imperfect, and cannot be safely relied on in unhealthy regions, or under circumstances of more than ordinary danger. Therefore, it is wisdom; it is prudence; it is common sense to provide against such contingencies, by taking an ANTIDOTE IN ADVANCE; in other words, by fortifying the system with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS—the most complete protective against all the epidemic and endemic maladies that has ever been administered in any country. As a remedy for Dyspepsia, there is no medicine that will compare with it. Whoever suffers the pangs of indigestion, anywhere on the face of the earth where HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS can be procured, does so voluntarily; for, as surely as truth exists, this valuable TONIC and ALTERATIVE would restore his disordered stomach to a healthy condition. To the nervous it is also especially recommended, and in cases of confirmed constipation it also affords speedy and permanent relief. In all cases of fever and ague the BITTERS is more potent than any amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for any of the ailments which the HOSTETTER BITTERS professes to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment We cordially recommend an early application to the BITTERS whenever they are stricken by disease of the digestive organs.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **SOMETHING TANGIBLE** FOR SOLDIERS' WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

To the Independent Voters of Allegheny County:

The undersigned, with a view of rendering the widows and orphans of the brave soldiers from Allegheny county, who fell in defense of their country in the late rebellion, some substantial and permanent assistance, offers himself as a candidate at the election on the second Tuesday of October next, for the office of SHERIFF, solemnly pledging and binding himself, in case of his election, that one-half of the net profits of the office shall be appropriated for the benefit of said widows and orphans. The Judges of the Court of the County to be the trustees of the funds, under whose direction the same shall be disbursed.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN.

Offices, 96½ Fourth avenue and 325 Liberty street. my18

☞ **ACADEMY OF MUSIC.**

Grand Exhibition (second time) by Mrs. BLACK DAVIS' pupils, on TUESDAY, MAY 25th, 1869. Parlor Dancing, consisting of light gymnastics, and also a Fairy Drama, expressly adapted, from Shakspeare's

MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.

Price of admission, 50 cents to all parts of the house. Tickets and programmes may be had at all the music stores. Doors open at 7; commence a quarter to 8. my18:j52

SELECT SCHOOL.—A person desirous of carrying on a Select School can secure a position which has paid the present principal $3,000 during the present year. Call at No. 94 Wylie street, during the present week, from 6 to 9 P. M.

CITIZENS AND EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK STOCKS.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, May 18th, at 8 o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, will be added to former list

10 shares Citizens National Bank.
50 shares Exchange National Bank.

my18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

APPLICATION to sell liquors filed in the Clerk's office.

Martin Freudenrich, tavern, Ætna borough.

The License Board will sit for hearing the above application on the 31st of May, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. G. BROWN, Clerk.

my18:j45.

VALUABLE BANK STOCKS,—RAILROAD, INSURANCE AND MINING. Tuesday evening, May 18th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

20 shares Exchange National Bank.
30 shares M. & M. National Bank.
24 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
57 shares Pittsburgh and Connellsville R. R.
35 shares Citizen Insurance Co.
30 shards Boatmen's Insurance Co.
2,200 shares Pittsburgh Mining Co.

m18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., May 17, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of

WARD ALLEY,

From Allegheny avenue to Sedgwick street, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until MAY 25th, 1869 when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.

my18:j53

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., Pittsburgh, May 17, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 31st inst. inclusive for the erection of a new bridge over Plum Creek, on the Leechburg road, on the line between Penn and Plum townships, on the farm of Wm. Bright.

ALSO, for the erection of a new bridge over Crooked Run, in Versailles township, where the State Road leading from Canonsburg to the Greensburg Turnpike crosses said Run.

ALSO, for the erection of a new bridge over Little Deer Creek, on the road leading from Harmarville to W. V. Connell's mill, in Indiana township.

ALSO, for the erection of a new wooden structure, excepting the plank, at the bridge over Deer Creek, on the road leading from the Three Degree Road to the Kittanning road in West Deer township.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

my18:j49-d&12

APES & DOGS.

SPRING STOCK

AT

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY'S.

We are receiving this week by ocean steamers from England a fresh stock of the latest and most beautiful designs in English Tapestry and Body Brussels by direct importations from the manufacturers. We invite the inspection of house furnishers, confident that we offer the largest assortment and greatest variety of elegant patterns ever brought to this market, at the lowest prices.

Great inducements are offered in all grades of Ingrains and Three Plies, it being their constant aim to offer to the multitude, the fullest assortment of cheap and serviceable Carpets at lower rates than any other house in the trade.

No. 23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

Nos. 90, 92 and 94 Grand St.,

PUBLISH THIS DAY.

I.

COUNT ROBERT OF PARIS. By Sir WALTER SCOTT. Being the 24th volume of a new, cheap, uniform edition of the Waverly Novels. Each volume Illustrated, and bound in an ornamented paper cover. Price 25 cents per volume.

II.

VOL. V. OF THE LIBRARY EDITION OF THE WAVERLY NOVELS. To be completed in six volumes, uniform with the "Library Edition of Dickens." Each volume Illustrated with numerous fine steel and wood engravings, bound in morocco cloth, gilt side and bank. Price $1.75 per volume, or $10.50 per set.

III.

APPLETON'S SHORT TRIP GUIDE TO EUROPE, FOR 1869. Principally devoted to England, Scotland, Ireland, Switzerland, France, Germany and Italy, with glimpses of Spain, short routes in the East, &c.; and a collection of traveller's phrases in French and German. By HENRY MORFORD. One vol., 18 mo. Cloth, flexible. Price $2.

IV.

THE POETICAL WORKS OF HENRY KIRKE WHITE. "Popular" Edition. In one vol., 16mo, paper cover, 456 pp. Price 50 cents. This is the ninth volume of a new "Popular Edition" of the Poets, in uniform 16mo volumes. The volumes already issued are the Poetical Works of Scott, Burns, Milton, Dante, Tasso, Campbell, Pope and Dryden. To be followed by others of the Standard Poets.

V.

PRACTICAL MANUAL OF THE TREATMENT OF CLUB-FOOT. By LEWIS A. SAYRE, M.D., Professor of Orthopedic Surgery in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Surgeon to Bellevue Hospital, &c. One vol., 12mo. Cloth $1.25. This manual will meet an acknowledged want in our medical literature, and the views adduced by Professor Sayre on the practical management of this frequent and troublesome class of deformities are fully abreast with the latest and most approved teachings.

Either of the above sent free by mail, to any address in the United States, on the receipt of the price. my17

THE COMPLETION OF

VICTOR HUGO'S NEW WORK

IN THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

Nos 90, 92 and 94 GRAND St., NEW YORK,

Publish this day,

PAR ORDRE DU ROI,

(BY THE KING'S COMMAND.)

Being Part Second of

L'HOMME QUI RIT,

(THE MAN WHO LAUGHS.)

1 vol., 8vo. Price $1.

Sent free by mail to any address in the United States on receipt of the price. my17

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, Jas. W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. ap20:h72-TUTH&S

WOOD TURNING, SCROLL SAWING, AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, May 7, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for grading, paving and curbing Townsend street from Wylie street to Decatur street, and Vine alley from Federal street to Washington street, are now

READY FOR EXAMINATION,

And can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, May 18th, 1869, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, CITY ENGINEER.

my7:j90

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, May 17, 1869.

NOTICE TO STONE MASONS.

SEALED PROPOSALS for constructing a culvert across

LARIMER AVENUE,

Near the residence of John Scott, will be received at this office until SATURDAY, May 22d, and also for grading and macadamizing said avenue from Station to Spring street. Plans and specifications can be seen at this office.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

my17:j39

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

HENRY HIGBY has this day associated with him in the China, Glass and Queensware business, his brother,

ALBERT HIGBY,

The style of the firm to be

H. HIGBY & CO.

PITTSBURGH, May 12, 1869. my13:j13

SEALED PROPOSALS Will be received at the DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK until the 24d inst. for supplying the materials and building the foundation walls of the Dollar Savings Bank Building.

Also, for the carpentry work and lumber necessary to complete the building.

Also, for the brick work and bricks, including all arches and inte for work.

Also, for the iron work necessary according to the plans and specifications. The articles to be itemized.

Copies of the specifications can be obtained and plans seen at the Dollar Savings Bank, No. 65 Fourth avenue.

ISAAC H. HOBBS & SONS, Architects.

my15:j34

STRAW HATS,

ALL THE NEW STYLES.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT

McCORD & CO's,

131 WOOD STREET.

my15

KENTUCKY HEMP.—12 Bales Rough to arrive on steamboat ST. MARYS, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District of Pennsylvania, No. 67 Water St., Allegheny City, May 18, '69.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists of SPECIAL TAXES, formerly termed LICENSES, and of the taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate,

&c., are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector on and after the 1st DAY OF JUNE, 1869.

These taxes, having become due, must be paid before the 25th DAY OF JUNE, 1869; otherwise, additional expenses will be incurred by the tax-payer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector of the county of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive, after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the times and places, when and where they will be prepared to receive the taxes collectable by them.

Taxes payable only in greenbacks or national currency.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN, COLLECTOR.

my18:j51

THREE NEW BOOKS.

I. OLDTOWN FOLKS.

By Harriet Beecher Stowe. One vol., 12mo. $2.

II. GATES WIDE OPEN,

A companion to "Gates Ajar," by George Wood, author of "Peter Schlemihl in America," "Modern Pilgrims," &c. One vol., 12mo. $1.50.

III. MEN, WOMEN & GHOSTS.

By Eliza Stuart Phelps, author of "Gates Ajar," &c. One vol., 12mo. $1.50.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,

119 Wood Street,

my18:j47 Second door below Fifth.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at this Bureau, until

12 O'clock Noon, of the 14th of June,

For the purchase of the following named

IRON-CLAD VESSELS:

The "COHOES," the "KOKA," the "NAUSETT," the "SUNCOOK," the "WABASAW" and the "YAZOO," lying at the U. S. Naval Station, League Island, Pennsylvania.

The "CASCO" and the "HIMO," lying at the U. S. Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.

The proposals will state the prices that will be given for the vessels in their present condition, with such fittings as are now attached to them.

The vessels can be seen, and all necessary information concerning them will be given, on application to the Commandants of the Yard and Station.

The Department reserves the rights to reject any and all of the proposals, if their acceptance is not to the interest of the Government.

The whole of the purchase money must be paid at the time of sale or later, and the vessels must be removed from the yards within two weeks from the day of sale.

The proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Purchase of Iron-Clads."

my15:j36-T&S

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., May 15th, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PROPERTY HOLDERS IN THE

CITY OF ALLEGHENY,

That on and after the 20th DAY OF MAY, 1869, the act of Assembly providing for the registry of lots in the City of Allegheny, of which the 3d and 4th sections are hereunto appended, will be enforced:

SECTION 3. To enable the Engineer to keep up the books of said plans, it shall be the duty of all parties acquiring real estate by purchase, will, descent, partition or otherwise to make report to him of such conveyance or transfer, with the precise dimensions and locality of the premises and so doing the same shall be received without charge and noted on the deed or title paper by the City Engineer or his assistant, but if the said party or parties acquiring real estate as aforesaid shall omit or neglect said duty, they shall be subject to such fine or fines as hereinafter set forth and provided for in Section 4th of this Act; and the Recorder of Deeds of said county of Allegheny shall not admit the deed of conveyance to record in his office, and any Recorder of Deeds who shall admit to record any deed of conveyance of a lot or part of lot within the City of Allegheny, which has not been registered, shall for each offence be subject to a fine of five dollars, to be recovered by summary conviction or by penal action in the name of the City of Allegheny, before the Mayor or any Alderman of said city, and shall be liable to indictment for misdemeanor in office.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of all owners of houses and lots to furnish forthwith descriptions of their property to the Engineer to aid him in making up his Books of Plans; and whenever such descriptions shall have been so furnished and the certificate of the Engineer or his assistant, shall be received, no property so returned shall be subject to sale for taxes or other municipal claims, hereafter to accrue as a lien of record thereon except in the name of the owner as returned and after recovery by suit and service of the writ on him made as in case of a summons.

And on and after that date all deeds or title papers pertaining to property within said limits must be presented at this office for registry as by law required.

CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

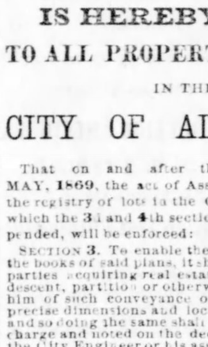
my15:j36

AGENTS WANTED!

Can make $25 per day sure.

SELLING

BLAKE'S ONE DOLLAR CHAIR SPRING.



Make a Rocking Chair out of any Chair—will last a lifetime. Don't buy Iron Springs, buy STEEL.

Made only by me in the United States, therefore send for Circulars with full information, as I have reduced my price to Agents, so that they can make $25 a day without much effort.

Address.

G. K. GOODWIN & CO.

Sole Prop'rs & Manf'r

612 BROADWAY, N. Y.

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE by us only for Pa. All others are FRAUDS. my15

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—275 acres, nine miles from Freeport; 60 acres under fence, abundance of good timber, chestnut, oak, limestone and coal, 4 foot vein; well watered. Buffalo Creek runs through the farm; situate within one-half mile of N. W. R. R. route; when this road is finished the timber will sell for the price of the farm. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth Avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOOD BARGAINS

OPEN THIS MORNING.

At 12½ cts., Fine Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.

At 12½ cts., Fine 40 Inch Unbleached Muslin.

At 12½ cts., Heavy Yard Wide Sheeting Muslin.

At 6¼ cts., Unbleached Muslin.

At 50 cts., Unbleached Table Linen.

At 50 cts., Bleached Table Linen.

Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslins,
Shirting Muslin,
White Quilts.

Table Linens,
Napkins,
Towels,
Toilet Mats.

Cassimeres,
Cloths,
Tweeds,
Jeans, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NO. 180

AND 182

FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

REFINED

FAMILY LARD,

PACKED BY

PROCTER & GAMBLE,

CINCINNATI.

Ask your Grocer for our brand of Lard in these Packages.

Packed in 3, 5, and 10 pound Caddies, 60 pound Cases for shipment. Cheapest mode for selling Lard. Send for Price List.

SOLD BY

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.,

PITTSBURGH.

And Grocers and Dealers Generally.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May 15, 1869.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL, SLACK AND LIME.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY until WEDNESDAY, May 26th, for the delivery of 500,000 bush of good bituminous Coal; 110,000 bush of good merchantable Nut Coal and Slack.

15,000 bush of good Lime.

In the stores of the Company, on their works. All to be of such quality and delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be approved and directed by the Engineer at the Works. Payments to be made monthly, retaining ten (10) per cent. in the hands of the Gas Company until the completion of the contract.

Any information that may be required will be furnished by the Engineer at the Works.

Proposals to be addressed to the President of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, endorsed "Proposals for coal, slack or lime," as the case may be.

JAMES THOMSON, Engineer.

my17:j71

FEDERAL OIL COMPANY.—In pursuance of an order from the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, the Directors of the FEDERAL OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TEN CENTS per share, payable forthwith to the legal holders of stock in said company, on return to the secretary of certificates or other evidence of ownership.

All parties are hereby notified that dividends, reclaimed for a period of six months, will be disposed of according to law.

By order of the Board.

A. B. MILLS, Secretary.

Office, Duquesne Way, 3 doors below Ninth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1869. ap29:127

JOHN H. STEWART ..... ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

an26:h4

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Books settled and accounts promptly collected. Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Cheap Houses and Lots in East Liberty and Braddocks. Lots in Mansfield. A very desirable farm of 70 acres; splendid young orchard, good house, with store-room attached; spring of never failing water near Economy, on the line of P. Ft. W. & C. R. W.; for sale very cheap.

Iowa, Missouri and Virginia land for sale. Enquire of

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

89 GRANT STREET,

my9 Office, back room.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

my15:j10

INSTALLMENT NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Mercantile Library Hall Company are hereby notified that the fifth installment, THREE DOLLARS per share, has been this day called, payable on or before May 15th, 1869, at the office of N. Holmes & Sons, 57 Market street.

By order of the Board.

JAMES H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1869. my8:100

DRIED PEACHES.—100 bush for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOOD BARGAINS

MORNING.

At 60 cts., full size Black and White Balmoral Skirts.

At 12½ cts., Light and Dark Delaines.

At 12½ cts., Good Fast Colored Ginghams.

At 25 cts., Alpaca Lustres, yard wide.

At 28 cts., Alpaca Poplins, yard wide.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF

Alpacas in Choice Colors,
Fine Black Alpaca Lustre,
Wash Poplins,
Silk Poplins, &c. &c.

Parasols,
Sun Umbrellas,
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

HEAVY BLACK SILKS,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

NEW SPRING SKIRTS.

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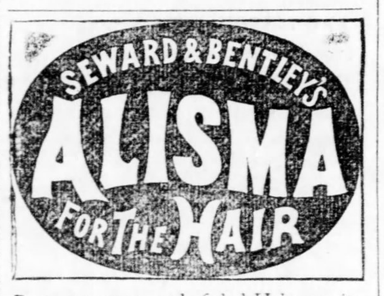
ALLEGHENY CITY.



Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1.00 and $1.50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

A GREAT SUCCESS!

DEXTER WASHING MACHINE!

It washes the finest fabrics, without injury, perfectly clean in less than one-eighth the ordinary way. It does not rub the cloth, but performs the cleaning process by steam and the quick action of hot water; it can be operated by a child. Its great cheapness makes it accessible to every family and saves its own cost in doing away with tubs.

PRICE, $15.

Sold from the Manufactory, at

THOMAS MERKEL'S,

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No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham Curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

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my8:193

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(Late of the firm of Hammer & Dauler,)

At their new establishment, No. 48 SEVENTH AVENUE, have a large stock of elegant and fashionable

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AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

We have erected a large Factory, and are prepared to fill all orders on shortest notice. We flatter ourselves of always having made good work, and it will always be our endeavor to continue, having a large number of experienced workmen, and a foreman of 26 years experience at the trade to superintend all work before leaving the Factory. We use no machinery; all our work is made by hand, and for durability and elegance it cannot be excelled.

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Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

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195 Liberty Street,

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KEELER'S PAT. QUICK SCALES WEIGH IN 1 SECOND. WARRANTED BEST FOR COAL, ORE &C.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

LOST.

LOST.—On Street Cars on Monday afternoon, May 17, 1869, between Canal street and Lawrenceville, or Canal street and Diamond street, a POCKET BOOK, containing about one hundred and twenty dollars; also, a few revenue and postage stamps. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 29 and 31 Seventh street, (late Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOUND.

FOUND.—On Tuesday, May 3d, on Fifth avenue, between Smithfield and Ross streets, a SUM OF MONEY, which the owner can have by calling on Mrs. Lynch, No. 10 Watson street.

STOLEN.

DOG.—If the person who stole my Black and Tan Terrier Dog does not return him at once he will be prosecuted to the extent of the law, as the dog is registered.

JOHN R. PEARSON, 222 and 224 Liberty street.

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WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS at E. Houston & Co's, Merchant Tailors, corner of Fifth avenue and Cherry alley.

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WANTED.—AGENTS for Losing Snew HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES in one large 8 vo. volume of 800 pages and 400 illustrations on steel and wood. A splendid volume, with maps, diagrams, foot notes, in which are a great many facts, figures, dates, and biographical sketches of prominent men, containing the matter of 3 ordinary volumes. Equally popular with the scholar and the people, as it is the only full history of our country brought down to the present time. Be a standard author, and just out. Every one will buy a history of their country that will buy any book. For terms and territory address W. GILL, 25 Warren street, Syracuse, N. Y. my6:185

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CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

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WANTED —AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

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WANTED — BOARD. — Two young gentlemen desire to engage permanent board, commencing with September next, in a first class boarding house or private family in Allegheny City. Accommodations must be good. The best of reference given and required. Address W, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — A man and wife or two gentlemen can be accommodated with a room on 2d floor, with board, at 18 Wylie street.

WANTED.—House of 5 or 6 rooms, within the limits of the old wards. Address H. B., GAZETTE OFFICE, stating location and terms.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — A few good boarders can be accommodated with good board by the week, day or meal, at 159 SECOND AVENUE.

TO LET.

TO LET.—House on Centre Avenue.—Gas, Water, &c., very convenient. Out of season. Rent $25.00 per month. Call soon at 121 Centre avenue, Pittsburg.

TO-LET.—2d and 3d story of No. 26 Diamond, Allegheny. 2d story suitable for a private school. Inquire on the premises,

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for county seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of P. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. my14:j27-FMW&d

FOR SALE.—Mount Blanc Foundry. Main building is iron clad; size 50x60 feet, with cupola, cranes, cupline, boiler, and everything required in the business in first rate working order, with a large lot of useful patterns. Is situated in the best manufacturing district in Pittsburgh. There is ample room to double its present capacity, having a front of 144 feet front on Allegheny Valley Railroad, opposite Union Iron Mills, and running 120 feet back to Spruce alley. Can be bought at a bargain. For particulars inquire at J. J. Epping's Real Estate Office, on Penn street, near Butler, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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FOR SALE.—Stock, Fixtures and Lease of the handsome cigar store, 73 Wylie street. Price, $200. Call at 73 Wylie street.

FOR SALE.—LAND—15 acres in the 13th ward, fronting on Centre avenue, Craig and Neville streets. This is a desirable location for country residences; well watered and near Penna. R. R. and East Liberty Passenger Railway. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of from one to five acres. Enquire of W. H. TAYLOR, 27 Wood street, or at his residence on Neville street, near the property, or of HENRY LLOYD, Kensington Iron Works. my6:180

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—The remains of the Refinery by the late fire at Clara Oil Works, consisting of Boilers, Stills, Pumps, Condensing Tanks, &c., together with the ground upon which they are located. Location near Sharpsburgh bridge, between A. V. R. R. and Allegheny river. Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works.

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Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

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A CHEAP FARM in Jefferson county, of 100 acres, 70 of which are cleared and 30 in fine timber, all underlaid with an 8 feet vein of coal; large orchard of choice fruit; will sell for $40 per acre on easy terms.

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10 VACANT LOTS on Locust street.

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Machine Stone Works,

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Dealers in Government Bonds,

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mv13:j55

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 17, 1869.

Gold took a sudden jump from 139¼ to 142 early this morning, declined to 141⅛, but closed firm at 141⅞, with a decided upward tendency. The reasons for this sudden advance are partly speculative, but our excessive imports over exports come in for a large share, aside from the fact that about one half of our national securities are held abroad, which might, for some disturbances with Europe, either financial or political, be shipped back, and gold demanded in payment of our European debts.

Bonds declined somewhat and were rather weak, but steady.

Stocks are firm and do not show any signs of yielding to a bear speculative influence. Money quite easy.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 141½; Silver, 129; Eighty-one's, 121¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 120½; do 1864, 116; do 1865, 116¼; do 1865, Consols, 118¾; do 1867, 118¾; do 1868, 118⅞; Ten Forties, 109; New York Central, 81½; Erie, —; Reading, 95⅝; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 153⅝; Ohio & Mississippi, 33¼; Michigan Southern, 105¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 93¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 25⅝; Chicago & North Western, 91; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 102¼; Adams Express Company, 40½; Merchants Union Express, 15¾; Pacific Mail, 94⅜; Western Union Telegraph Company, 43⅞; Gregory, 2,75; Quartz Hill, 1,15; Smith & Parmlee, 2,85; Am. Express, 40¾.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 141⅝; United Sates Sixes, 1881, 122; Five-Twenties, 1862, 121; do. 1864, 116⅛; do. 1865, 117¾; Ten-Forties, 109; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119; do. do. 1867, ——; do. do. 1868, ——; Seven-Thirties, par less, ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central do. do., 103; Cy. Pacifics, 101⅛.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 17, 1868.

The event in financial and commercial circles to-day was the failure of the German banking firm of Schepeler & Co. Their operations were very extensive, being large shippers of petroleum, provisions, &c., as well as heavy dealers in gold, stocks and bonds. At one time they were the heaviest importers of petroleum, and their transactions generally extended into millions. The immediate cause of failure was their heavy sales of gold on speculative account, to the amount of probably eight or ten millions of dollars. In addition a large amount of their bills of exchange have been sold here, which will have to be returned here and covered by specie shipments or by other bills of first class houses. The firm had extensive credit in London and the continent, especially in Antwerp, Bremen and Frankfort. The losses consequent on this failure are understood to be heavy and pretty extensively distributed here, and the immediate effect was to advance gold and bonds, unsettle the market and stiffen foreign exchange. Bankers holding Schepeler's bills were buyers of gold and bonds to fortify themselves and others having contracts with the firm were compelled to do the same to rectify their position on the market. Several other firms were at first reported failed, but all paid up their losses before three o'clock, except two small brokers' firms, and they have made provision for payment. The effect in Europe is awaited with considerable anxiety, and there will certainly be an increased caution among the brokers here for some time to come, and if this failure unsettles matters in Europe, it may hasten shipments of specie. Rumors are circulated of the failure of a London firm with liabilities exceeding £4,000,000, and an advance of the Bank of England rates to 5 per cent. As to-day was a legal holiday in England there is probably no truth in the reports. Money was rather more active this afternoon, owing to the shipping of some loans, in consequence of the failure above alluded to and the fall in stocks. The demand was promptly met, however, at 6@7 on call. Prime discounts at 7@9. Sterling is firm at 9¾@9¼ for prime 60 days, and 10¾ for short sight. The gold room was the scene of wild excitement most of the day, and very active and buoyant before the formal opening the price touched 142¾. The first recorded sale was at 141½, from which there was a decline to 140¾ and return to 141⅝@141¾. At the close cash gold was in active request at 7 per cent., and early in the day down to 1 per cent. and free of interest. Clearances $137,000,000.

Governments have been strong at a further advance, the principal sales having been made at ¼@¾ per cent. above Saturday's prices. The foreign houses selling gold at an advance have been large buyers—it is understood, over a million dollars—and there were some purchases to cover shorts. 67's are in especially large borrowing demand, and are carried at 2 per cent., and in some cases flat.

Coupons of '81, 121⅞@122¼; do '62, 122 @122¼; do '64, 116¾@116½; do '65 117⅜ @117½; do new, 119@119⅛; do '67, 119 @119⅛; do '68, 119@119⅛; 10-40's, 109@ 109¼; Pacifics, 107@107¼. State bonds dull and lower. Missouris. 89¼; old Tennessees, 68@68½; new, 65@65½; old North Carolinas, 59¾@60¼; new 55⅜@ 55¼; old Virginias, 57¼@58; new, 62@ @62½; new Lousianas, 69¾@70¼.

The stock market during the morning was very feverish and unsettled, with a great pressure to sell and a seeming inclination to panic, in consequence of the failure of Schepeler and the disappearance of a broker with a considerable amount of funds. There was a general decline of 1@2 per cent., from which there was subsequently a recovery of ¼ @1 per cent. Near the close, however, the market again became feverish and unsettled, and the prices once more declined, closing heavy, especially on railroads.

5-30 *Prices*—Cumberland, 30@33; Wells express, 34⅜@34½; American, 40¼@40⅝; Adams, 61½@61⅝; United States, 65¾@ 66; Merchants Union, 15@15¼; Quicksilver 19¾@19¾; Canton; 62½@62¾; Pacific Mail, 94½; Western Union Telegraph, 43¼@43¾; Mariposa, 23½@ 24; preferred, 48⅜@48¾; New York Central, 181¼@181¾; Erie, 29½; do preferred 51@52½; Hudson, 154¾@155; Harlem, 146¼@146¾; Reading, 95¾@96; Chicago and Alton preferred, 160; Terre Haute, 39¼@41; preferred, 71¼@73; Wabash, 74¾@75; preferred, 81@82; St. Paul, 77@77½; preferred, 86@86½; Ft. Wayne, 151¼@151½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¾ @33; Michigan Central, 120; Michigan Southern, 105⅜@105⅝; Illinois Central, 145¾@146; Pittsburgh, 93@93¾; Lake Shore, 105½; Rock Island, 125¼@ 125⅝; Northwestern, 90½@90⅝; do preferred, 101¼@101⅝; St. Joseph, 117; C. C. C. and I. C., 45.

More doing in mining shares.

Quartz Hill, 115; Grass Valley, 54; Smith and Parmlee, 295; Gregory, 280.

Copper stocks at Roston: Copper Falls, 8; Franklin, 19¼; Hecla, 75; Hancock, 4; Quincy, 25.

Receipts of Sub-Treasury, $1,069,813; Payments, $769,933; Balance, $84,862,437; Disbursements coin interest, $211,299. Custom House figures for April show $36,354,651 landed here, including, however, $4,818,287 in specie. The withdrawals from warehouses were only $8,954,512; showing a general dullness of trade, and that the imports largely exceed the demand for consumption.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 17, 1869.

There is nothing really new or important to say about the markets in a general way. The demand for almost everything continues light being restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, while prices generally are unchanged, though the tendency is downward.

APPLES—Almost out of season, and the supply is nearly exhausted.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 1@$1,10.

BUTTER—Continnes dull and prices are steadily declining. Sales of prime to choice Roll at 31@32, and good at 27@28.

BEANS—Dull at $3@3,25.

CHEESE—Sales of new Western Reserve at 18@20, as to quality, and new New York Goshen at 22@23.

CARBON OIL—Is quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30.

CORNMEAL—$1,50@1.75 per cwt.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull but unchanged. Peaches, 14 for quarters, and 18 for halves. Apples, 13@15 cts.

EGGS—Dull at 16@17c.

FEATHERS—Quoted at 80 cts to the trade and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged. There is a moderate local demand, but buyers generally take hold sparingly being apprehensive of lower prices. We continue to quote Spring Wheat, at $6,50 @7,25 and Winter Wheat $7,50@8. Rye Flour, $7.00.

GRAIN—There is little or no inquiry for Wheat in this market and prices are nominal; prime Red $1;50. Oats quiet and unchanged; 71@72, by the car load, and 75@78 for small lots in store. Rye is very dull; distillers are not buying and dealers are only offering $1,35@1,37; sale of 200 bushels, to arrive, at $1,35, buyer furnishing sacks. Corn is dull but unchanged; prime ear is scarce and may be quoted at 78@80 on wharf and 83 @85 in store. Prime Spring Barley, $1,75.

HAY—Continues dull, the demand being light; baled is quoted on wharf at $25@27, as to quality.

HEMP—Sales at $215.

HOMINY—$5,75@6 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Is quoted at $1,20 for No. 2, and $1,50@1,52 for No. 1.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

POTATOES—Sales on track, in bulk, at 40@45, and in store at 55@60. Market quiet, receipts falling off.

PEANUTS—Held at 12c.

PROVISIONS — In steady demand, and we can report regular jobbing sales at 14 for Shoulders; 16¼@18 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; and 19@19¾ for plain and canvassed Sugar Cured Hams. Lard, 19 in tierces and 20 in pails.

SEEDS—Sales of Clover Seed at $9; no Timothy or Flaxseed in this market worth speaking of.

SALT—May be quoted at $1,83@1,85 by the car load, and $1,95@2 for small lots in store.

TALLOW—Is quoted at 10¼@10⅝, for rendered, and dull.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Dry Goods—There is a little more doing in this branch of trade, but nevertheless the market continues depressed. The following are the changes that have taken place to-day in Cotton fabrics: Allendale, 10¼c; Brown Sheetings are selling down to 47½c; do. 9-4 do. do. 42½c; do 8-4 Bleached do. 42½c; do. 10-4 do. 52½c; Utica 5-4 Bleached do. 32½c; do. 6-4 do. 37½c; Canoe River Colored Corset Jeans, 12½c; Chicopee Prints, 10½c,

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 17.—Bacon shoulders 13½; clear rib 16¾; clear sides 17. Bulk meats nominal. Pork quiet at $31,25. Lard in tierces 18@18¼; in kegs 19¼. Whisky firm at 96. Flour quiet and unchanged; No. 1 at $7,30@8,00; fancy boards $8,50. Groceries: sugar, New Orleans prime, 15; molasses, New Orleans prime, 75; Rio coffee, common to choice, 20@26. Eggs 15@16 per dozen, arrived. Grain: Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn 65@70 arrived, for shelled and ear. Oats in bulk 70@72 for prime. Rye, prime, $1,45. Hay, choice, on on wharf, $22,50. Bagging 16@22. Rope 8c for machine made. Leaf tobacco firm; sales of 75 hhds at $8,00@14,00. Cotton quiet and unchanged.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Domestic Economy.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Apple Cream.—Take a quart of stewed apples strained through a sieve; sweeten and add cinnamon to taste; while the apples are boiling hot, add a lump of butter the size of a walnut, and the yolks of three eggs, beat all well together, then beat the white of the eggs to a stiff froth, put the white in a kettle of boiling water and scald, skim out and lay on the apple; lay jelly on the white of the egg. This is an excellent dish to set off a table.

Jelly Cake.—Take one pint of sugar, one cup of butter, six eggs, seven spoonfuls of flour; bake in six pans.

Corn Starch Cake.—The whites of twelve eggs, three cups of sugar, one cup of butter, three cups of flour, one cup of corn starch, one cup of milk, two teaspoons of cream tartar, one teaspoon of soda, add essence to suit taste.

Cracker Pudding.—Take crackers, lay raisins between them, tie closely in a cloth, boil half an hour in milk and water, have a rich sauce.

Tapioca Pudding.—One teacup of tapioca soaked in tepid water for one hour, take one quart of stewed fruit, put a layer of tapioca in the bottom of the pan, then a layer of fruit, and so on until the pan is full, then pour the juice over the top, and bake in a moderate oven for half an hour. Whipped cream and sugar for dip or sauce.

Apple Fritters.—Mix a batter as for griddle cakes, pare and core your apples, chop fine, mix well in the batter, fry in lard as doughnuts; have melted butter and sugar for sauce.

Muffins.—One quart of milk, two eggs, small piece of butter melted in the milk, two tablespoons of good yeast, two quarts of flour, a little salt.

Currant Wine.—Take five pounds of currants, four pounds of sugar, and five quarts of water; mash the currants, add the water, let it stand for three days, stir it often during the time, then drain through a seive, squeeze the pulp through a cloth, add the sugar, stir until it dissolves, put in a cask, when fermentation is over, fasten tight, keep all winter, in the spring bottle after a second fermentation.

Pickled Cherries.—Take cherries (ox hearts are the best), leave on the stems; for ten pounds of fruit take six pounds of sugar, pive pints of best vinegar, use cloves, cinnamon, mace; put the spice and sugar in the vinegar, boil and skim; put the fruit in jars, strain the vinegar over them hot, repeat this three times; fasten tight and set away for use.

Rhubarb Preserves.—Pare six oranges; slice them in a stew-pan, with orange peel cut fine; add one quart of rhubarb, cut fine; take a pound and a half sugar; boil all together as you do other preserves.

Chicken Tea.—Cut chicken into small pieces; remove the skin and fat; boil the pieces twenty minutes in a quart of water, with a little salt; the tea should be poured from the meat before it is cold; this is useful in the same way as beef tea.

Arrow Root Tea for Sickness.—Put two teaspoonfuls of powdered arrow root into a pint cup, mix smooth with a little cold water; then pour boiling water over the mixture, while you continue to stir it until it forms a starchy looking substance. Sweeten.

A substance called "Starch Lustre" is used for washing purposes, which, when added to starch, causes the linen to which it is applied to assume not only a high polish but a dazzling whiteness. A portion of the size of an old-fashioned cent added to half a pound of starch, and boiled with it for two or three minutes, will produce the best results. This substance is nothing more than stearine, colored by a slight addition of ultra marine size, the essential ingredient being the stearine; and with or without the coloring matter will be found to add very much to the beauty of linen articles to which it is applied. Stearine is to be had at any good drug store.

STRAW hats which have turned yellow may be bleached by the use of soap prepared by taking any good soda soap and precipitating it from its solution by means of common salt, and adding to it one-fourth the weight of sulphate of soda, previously rubbed into a mass of water, then drying the product. About equal parts, by weight, of water are to be poured upon this, and for every two pounds of soap, half an ounce of spirits of salammoniac is to be added; and after the whole has assumed a gelatinous consistency, one part of the mass is to be dissolved in eight parts of warm water; smaller proportions of the foregoing will of course answer for a few articles. The objects to be bleached are to be washed by means of a brush in this solution, and transferred, while still moist, into water acidulated with hydrochloric acid, (twenty-five parts water to one-and-half of acid,), and allowed to remain a few hours in this liquid. They are then to be washed with fresh cold water and dried. Experiment has proved the results of this method of bleaching to be exceedingly satisfactory.

To Take Rust out of Steel.—Rub well with sweet oil, and let the oil remain upon them for forty-eight hours. Then rub with leather sprinkled with unslacked lime, finely powdered, until all the rust disappears.

HOW TO CHOOSE AND COOK A STEAK.

Steak usually considered the best is cut from the loin, the piece formerly almost used for roasting, and called the sirloin. This is the celebrated porter-house steak. It has the tenderloin, with its delicious soft fat, for those who like tender meat, and the sirloin, which is somewhat more highly flavored. The porter-house steak is better than the tenderloin or the fillet; the latter is very tender, but it has not much flavor, and should be larded or served with some sauce, to be a good dish. The small sirloin steak is almost as good as the porter-house. A magnificent steak, and one seldom cut in this country, is from the rib, say the second cut ribs, which are usually counted the best roasting pieces. This steak if properly cooked can hardly be excelled by the best porter-house. It should be an axion with all good marketers, that no steak can be properly cooked that is less than an inch and a quarter in thickness, and it is better an inch and a half thick.

To broil a good steak is easy, and at the same time it is difficult sometimes to make cooks appreciate the importance of minutiæ, and to force them to discard certain old-fashioned, mistaken notions. To one familiar only with the results of culinary operations, it will seem almost preposterous to say that a good steak should not be pounded; but it is a fact that implements have been devised and constructed for that purpose alone. Do not pound a good steak, but flatten it with the sides of the chopper, trim it properly, prepare it carefully, and cook it rapidly.—*Hearth and Home.*

To prepare the steak, rub in salt and pepper well with the hand, and grease both sides slightly with sweet lard or fresh butter. Use none of the strong butter of inferior quality, commonly known as cooking butter. The steak thus prepared should then be placed between the bars of a well-warmed light grid-iron, so that it can be easily turned over the fire. The preparation of the fire is the most important point of all. The very best is a clear fire of bright hickory coals. The next best is a charcoal fire; but a bright fire of ordinary coal will broil pretty well. It is indispensible that the fire be hot and clear; and there should be no smoke from dripping gravy, which can easily be avoided with proper care. Put the steak over the fire, and turn often until done. When done, place it upon a hot dish, sprinkle over it a little more salt and pepper, spread over it a little sweet butter, and let it be served and eaten immediately. The difference in flavor between a well-cooked steak eaten immediately and one served five minutes after it is done, is enormous.

THE FARM.

Wool Prospects.—Agricultural Commissioner Capron assures us that the late comparative unprofitableness of the wool business has led, in many instances, to a serious neglect of sheep, resulting in leanness, weakness, and the insidious approaches of disease. Where they have been partially cared for, however, they are healthy. Mr. Capron adds: "Were it not for the culling process, by which several millions of the poorest (60,000 in some cases in a single county) have been remorselessly slaughtered for their pelts and the small modicum of fat that could be drained by hydraulic pressure from their juiceless carcasses, the ravages of disease would have proved far greater. This weeding out of the victims of poverty will result beneficially in elevating the average of health and condition. Wool growers, whose fears have overcome their judgment, and caused the depreciation of their flocks or the abandonment of their business, will ere long regret their hasty action. Already a reaction has commenced.

We expect a "terrible corn year;" the wind was in the south the first minute of the 20th of March, and that is a sure sign,—so say the prophets of the weather and the observers of the crops. Corn will do well, planted anywhere and tended anyhow, this year. Save your manure for some less promising season, say they, but a little preventative, in case their predictions should fail, in the shape of manure, will render "assurance doubly sure," and, at any rate, will take the responsibility off our shoulders.

Protection of fruit.—Late spring frosts, however light, are very destructive of fruit. When trees are in bloom they require the utmost attention. The Butler *Herald* states that the proper application of smoke has long been known to many to keep them in a state of preservation, but the process of fumigation is not so generally understood. Saw dust, or refuse tan bark, should be procured, most of which should be exposed to the weather, and the rest placed under cover. If there are any indications of a freezing temperature, a fire should be started with dry bark, or saw dust, placed directly over it. Two men can make enough of these fires in thirty minutes to protect a fruit garden an acre in extent. At the season when trees are blossoming frost rarely condenses on vegetation till late in the night, and if the fires are commenced at two o'clock in the morning they will fully accomplish their purposes, and obviate the necessity of renewing them, as would be the case were they made at an earlier hour.

Potatoes Mulched.—We observe that many of our Western friends are advancing the mulching of the potato crop with straw, thus obviating the expense of ordinary culture. We quote from Coleman's *Rural World*, of February 20th, a description of the method:

To raise a good crop, I am of opinion that the potatoes ought to be planted either in March or about the last of May or first of June. For covering the potatoes any rotten straw will do. The ground must be dry and high—wet, flat land won't do—and well plowed and harrowed; poorer land should be lightly manured. The furrows should be very shallow and near together, say two feet or less; the potatoes may be planted in the furrows at the common distance and covered very lightly with the hoe or a small corn-plow. As soon as the potatoes make their appearance above ground, so that they can be seen all along the rows, they should be covered with straw to the depth of about sixteen to twenty inches, and as even as possible. I believe that to harrow the potatoes lightly before covering them with straw would be beneficial. Very late potatoes might be planted and covered a little deeper. Nothing else has to be done then until fall; then, of course, to dig the potatoes, the straw has first to be removed. Some plant their potatoes in this way: When the ground is ready for planting, they walk over the patch and drop the potatoes as near together as they desire, and step on them lightly with one foot in walking, and then haul straw right away to cover the potatoes. But I prefer the first method. New land, the first year in cultivation and planted to potatoes, I would not cover with straw.

Teaching Calves How to Drink.—S. N. Van Fleet contributes to the *Country Gentleman* his method of tending young calves: "My practice is to take the calf from the cow at the end of twenty-four hours, and fasten it with about six feet of rope in a box stall; I then milk the cow, and standing off just far enough for the calf to reach me, I wet my finger with milk, put it into its mouth, and gently lower my hand until it is immersed in the milk in the pail—let it continue to have the finger until I have given it enough. This I call lesson No. 1. The second lesson is given in this way: Dip the finger in the milk and place it in its mouth in contact with the feed, gradually withdraw your finger and the thing is done. It may be necessary to repeat this at the third time. The secret is that you must stand just far enough so that the calf can just reach the pail of feed, as the rope will then be taut, and hence he cannot reach you or butt over or spill his milk or feed. I have practiced this for a number of years, and have had no trouble to teach calves to drink.

A robin kills on an average about 800 flies in an hour, and a sparrow whill destroy at least 150 worms or caterpillers in a day. Every man who kills a bird wantonly is a brute, and every farmer who commits that sort of murder is both a brute and a fool."

LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF Allegheny county.

In the Estate of

WILLIAM CALDWELL, Dec'd.

No. 3, December Term, 1869. Alias Writ of Partition.

To Mrs. Jane Skillen, formerly Jane Caldwell, now intermarried with Samuel Skillen, Margaret Powell, formerly widow of William Caldwell dec'd, now intermarried with Reuben Powell, Robert Caldwell, J. W. Caldwell, Elizabeth Scott, formerly Elizabeth Caldwell, now intermarried with Daniel Scott, heirs, &c., of William Caldwell, deceased, late of West Deer Township, Allegheny county, Penna.

You are hereby notified that an Inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition or valuation on the premises in West Deer Township, Allegheny county, Pa., on

TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

to make partition to and among the heirs of said deceased in such manner and in such proportion as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, April 5th, 1869. } ap6:g97

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF Allegheny county.

In the Estate of

JAMES HINDMAN, Deceased.

No. 7, December Term, 1868. Alias Writ of Partition.

To Margaret Ann Hindman, widow of James Hindman, deceased; Eliza H. Dunlap, formerly Eliza H. Hindman, intermarried with John Dunlap; James Hindman, William Hindman, Joseph Hindman, Margaret H. Goshen, formerly Margaret H. Hindman, intermarried with William Goshen; and Mary Aber, formerly Mary Hindman, intermarried with William Aber, heirs &c., of James Hindman, dec'd, late of Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pa.

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition and valuation, on the premises, Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Penna.,

ON THURSDAY, May 20th, 1869,

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

to make partition to and among the heirs of said deceased in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, April 5th, 1869. } ap6:g90?

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF Allegheny county.

In the Estate of

FREDERICK WEHLING, Dec'd.

No. 3, March Term, 1869. Writ of Partition.

To Charles Wehling, John Wehling, William Wehling, Wilhemina Wehling, intermarried with Henry Degmeyer, Sophia Wehling, intermarried with William Wilde, Sophia Fr. Notte, Eliza S. M. Notte, Caroline W. Notte, Ida W. Notte, Frederick W. Notte, Anna W. Notte, children of Caroline Meyer, deceased, who was married to Frederick W. Notte, she being a daughter of Caroline Wehling, deceased, Sophia Meyer, intermarried with Frederick Stuckmeyer, said Sophia having died and left one child, Bertha Stuckmeyer, Charles Stuckmeyer, Wilhelmina Meyer, intermarried with John Foell, Sophia Wehling, intermarried with Henry Vogel, William Wehling, Lina Wehling, Wilhelmina Wehling, children of David Wehling, Henry Wehling, Eliza Wehling, Maria Wehling, William Wehling and Frederick Notte, Guardian *ad litum* of Sophia Notte, Eliza Notte, Caroline Notte, Ida Notte, Frederick Notte, Bertha Stuckmeyer, Charles Meyer, Wilhelmina Meyer, Louisa Wehling, Wilhelmina Wehling, Julia Wehling, Maria Wehling and William Wehling, heirs, &c., of Frederick Wehling, deceased, late of Lower St. Clair township, Allegheny county, Penna.

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned Writ of Partition and valuation on the premises in Lower St. Clair township, Allegheny county, Penna., on

Tuesday, 25th Day of May, 1869,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

To make partition to and among the heirs of said deceased in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, and at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, April 5, 1869. } ap6:g98?

NOTICE.—By a Decree of the Court, made at Beaver County, Pa., April 28, 1869, the undersigned was confirmed Receiver of C. H. HALL & CO., and in compliance therewith I will dispose of Lubricating and Refined Oils and Barrels of said firm, and will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, in the Borough of Glasgow, Beaver County, Pa., on the 8TH OF JUNE NEXT, at 1 o'clock P. M., all the property of C. H. Hall & Co., known as the "Point Oil Works," consisting of Leases, Machinery, Tanks, Buildings, &c., &c., together with all oils then remaining unsold. Terms Cash. And also give notice to all persons indebted to said firm to make immediate payment to me.

H. BENNETT, Receiver of C. H. HALL & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, May 1, 1869. ap31-141-7.8

NO. 681, JUNE TERM, 1869.

In the matter of the application of the Central Mutual Building and Loan Association of Allegheny City, for a charter of incorporation.

And now, to wit, APRIL 24th, 1869, in the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny county, it is ordered that notice of the above application be inserted in the Pittsburgh GAZETTE for at least three weeks, and that the same will be granted at next term of said Court, unless exceptions be filed in proper time.

R. S. MORRISON, ap26:b12 Solicitor for Petitioners.

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters tes- tamentary to the estate of HENRY B. WILLIAMSON, late of the city of Allegheny, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

LEATHY ANN WILLIAMSON, and JOHN S. WILLIAMSON, Executors of Henry B. Williamson, deceased, No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. ap19:h23-8

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

my6:177-THS&T

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread,

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. an4:177-8

SHAKER DRIED CORN.

A superior article; an excellent substitute for green corn at less price. For sale by the quar or bushel by

JNO. A. RENSHAW, my12 corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

POLITICAL.

STATE SENATOR.

FOR SENATE,

GEORGE WILSON

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my4

FOR SENATOR,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

FOR SENATOR.

GEO. H. ANDERSON

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

FOR SENATOR.

THOMAS HOWARD

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

SHERIFF.

FOR SHERIFF,

WILLIAM G. STUBBS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my11-d&T

FOR SHERIFF.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the usages of the Republican party; and if successful pledge myself to devote all my energy to an honorable and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

ap13:d&F **H. S. FLEMING.**

FOR SHERIFF,

JOHN H. HARE,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap28-D&F

FOR SHERIFF.

I would respectfully announce to the citizens of Allegheny county that I will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the next ensuing Union Republican County Convention.

FRANK DUFF, ap20:h70:DF Ohio Township.

FOR SHERIFF.

JOHN A. WATSON,

Of Elizabeth township, late private Company D, 79th Pa. Vols., will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap20:h73DF

FOR SHERIFF.

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

Will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh25:g19-d&F

FOR SHERIFF,

JOSEPH ROSS,

Will be a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap21:

RECORDER.

FOR RECORDER.

B. A. SAMPSON,

Of the Sixth ward, Allegheny, (late Manchester,) will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the approaching Republican County Convention. my4:194-d&F

FOR RECORDER,

AUGUSTUS BECKERT,

Allegheny City, late private Fifth Excelsior Regiment. Lost a leg in the Second Bull Run Battle. ap27:114 D&F

FOR RECORDER.

H. M'MASTER

Will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

FOR RECORDER,

THOS. H. HUNTER,

LATE NINTH REG'T PA. R. C. my4:159

FOR RECORDER,

HENRY SNIVELY,

Will be a candidate for nomination to the office of Recorder for Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the approaching Republican County Convention. ap30:132

COUNTY TREASURER.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

J. F. DENNISTON,

(Late Brevet Major U. S. Vols.,) will be a candidate for enomination, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap17 1-3-D&F

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

COL. J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap23,1:87:D&F

REGISTER OF WILLS.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS

JOHN KEIL, JR.,

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap29:125

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

JOSEPH IRWIN,

Will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap27:116

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM,

of 2d ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my4-D&T

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK,

Of the Twentieth ward, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my7 d&F

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE HAMILTON

Will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my5

CLERK OF COURTS.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

JOHN G. BROWN,

Millvale borough, late private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penna. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap26.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY: I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF COURTS, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. I would state that I ask the office but for ONE TERM, at the termination of which I would cheerfully retire, believing that there are others equally entitled to the honor and emoluments of the office, and as competent as myself. I will be under obligations to the citizens of the county for their support. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH BROWNE, Late 102d (old 13th,) and 5th Pa. Vol. Regt. mh23:g47

NOTICES.

MR. JOHN B. LOWE, Pittsburgh, Pa. SIR: You are hereby notified that the letter of Attorney executed by me to you, and empowering and authorizing you to sell and dispose of certain lands, owned by me in the State of Tennessee, is hereby revoked. No contract of sale hereafter made, or heretofore made by you will be regarded or ratified by me, and you are notified not to receive or dispose of any proceeds of any sale, or to transact any business in my name or on my behalf.

W. R. McDOUGAL. PITTSBURGH, May 12, 1869. my12:117

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Chartiers Valley Railway Letting.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned at Steubenville, Ohio, until SATURDAY, MAY 29th, 1869, for the grading, bridging and ballasting of 14 miles of the Chartiers Valley Railway, between Mansfield and Canonsburgh. Map, profile and statement of quantities can be seen, and detailed information will be given at the Engineer's Office, in Steubenville, after Saturday, 15th inst.

M. J. BECKER, STEUBENVILLE, May 10, 1869. Engineer. my12

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Pursuant to an act of Assembly, approved the 20th of March, 1869, entitled "an act relating to interments in Trinity Church-yard, Pittsburgh," Public Notice is hereby given of the intention of the minister, wardens and vestry of Trinity (Episcopal) Church, after the 10th of MAY, proximo, to use a part of the grave-ground belonging to or connected with said church, as sites for new erections of Church and Chapel and for grades, and if successful pledge myself to devote all my energy to an honorable and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

By order of the Vestry. **JOSIAH KING,** ap16:h59 Junior Warden.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT. PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 228 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15. my8:198

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL. BUY ONLY SILVER TIPPED SHOES.

For children. Will outwear three pairs without tips. ja28:d65-T:TH:S

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the curability of the disease. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j2-d&F4

IMPORTANT MEDICAL NOTICE.

At the solicitation of his numerous Philadelphia patients,

Dr. E. DE F. CURTIS,

Of Baltimore, author of several medical works,

WILL ATTEND IN PHILADELPHIA

From the 1st to the 12th of JUNE, inclusive.

Those who wish to see the Doctor in Philadelphia should correspond at his Baltimore.

SPECIALTY—Treatment and Cure of Nervous and Physical Debility. my12

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:m28

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE Diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., completely eradicated. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

I have in store and am constantly receiving direct from manufacturers, a complete assortment of BUILDERS' HARDWARE which I offer for sale on as fair terms as any house in the city, together with a fine assortment of CUTLERY, GUNS and REVOLVERS. Also, the best selection of MECHANICS' TOOLS, comprising all the latest and best improvements known to the trade.

I have my factory in full operation as usual, and am prepared to do all kinds of job work the same as before the fire of the 2d of February, such as grinding razors, scissors, knives, putting in knife blades, and repairing all kinds of light machinery.

JAMES BOWN,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Also, Agent for Grosskope's famous MAGIC LINEN MARKER, the greatest novelty in the world. fe27:TF

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON. Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 18th, every evening and Saturday Matinee. Last week of

HUMPTY DUMPTY.

Additional Novelties in commemoration of the Two Hundredth performance of this Troupe.

New Comic Scene; new and Novel Tricks; wonderful Stilt Dance and Burlesque Can-Can by TONY DENIER; new Ballets; Skipping Rope Hornpipe; Scotch Pas De Deux, by ANTONINO, and ST. ODY; Velocipede Riding, by HARRY LESLIE; new Comic and Fancy Skating, by ALFRED MOK.

TUESDAY—BENEFIT OF GEO. A. BEANE. Saturday—Farewell Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager. Second and last week of the gorgeous spectacula burlesque called THE FORTY THIEVES, with all its beauties and the magnificent TRANSFORMATION SCENE.

TO-NIGHT The Great American Comique, GUS WILLIAMS.

Forty Thieves Matinee on Wednesday and Saturday. Admission to Matinee, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

OLE BULL

Respectfully announces

TWO GRAND CONCERTS.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, MAY 18 and 19th, assisted by the following favorite artists:

MISS S. W. BARTON, Soprano.
MR. WM. MACDONALD, Tenor.
MR. THEODOR MARTENS, Pianist and Accompanist.

ADMISSION.....ONE DOLLAR. FAMILY CIRCLE & GALLERY, FIFTY CTS.

No extra charge for reserved seats.

Seats can be procured at C. C. Mellor's Music Store, commencing Friday morning, May 14, at 10 o'clock.

Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.

THOS. E. TURNBULL, my13:j21

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THREE NIGHTS LONGER.

At the request of many citizens who have been unable to attend during the past week,

The Renegade of the Potomac,

A National Drama, will be re-produced on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

MAY 20th, 21st and 22d.

Characters by Members of the Order.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Parquette and Dress Circle.....50 cents.
Family Circle.....35 cents.
Gallery.....25 cents.
Reserved seats 25 cents extra.
Box office open from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M. my1):j44

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS *FOR THE MILLION.*

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. my24

BY A. LEGGATE.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN PROPERTY,

ON PERRYSVILLE ROAD, AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, at 3 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises of Mr. W. S. BISSELL, on the Perrysville Plankroad, one mile north of Allegheny SIX BUILDING SITES, of three to eight acres each, viz:

No. 1. Handsome Cottage and Grounds; eight acres beautifully planted and distributed in vineyard fruit, evergreen and delicious trees and shrubbery; a full assortment of the fruits of the climate for bearing. Commodious stable, carriage and tenant houses under one roof; rain water cistern, and pure water spring at the door. The Cottage contains seven rooms, three closets and pantry.

No. 2. A four acre lot adjoining above, with stone foundation for a house. Apple, pear orchard, and other improvements.

Nos. 3 and 4. Each four acre lots, covered with primitive forest, having very fine building sites, and never-failing springs.

Nos. 5 and 6. Each three acres, lawns and forest, and fronting 214 feet on the Perrysville Road.

Those desirous of procuring lovely rural homes will find in this property an unsurpassed collection of beautiful building sites. Lot No. 1, particularly, is a really magnificent place, commanding rich panoramic views, and abounding in fruits of the richest varieties. A critical examination of these premises is respectfully solicited. A board walk from Federal street to the door permits dry walking in all weathers.

Terms of sale will be liberal. Plot of grounds and photograph of buildings at the office of

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer. my12 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

FOURTEEN ACRES and MANSION, at Homewood Station, on Pennsylvania Central, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 20th, 1869, at 4½ o'clock, will be sold on the premises, at Homewood Station, on Pennsylvania Central Railroad, the very desirable residence and grounds of Frank Van Gorder, Esq., handsomely situate near intersection of Homewood avenue and Frankstown road. The improvements is a neat and well built two-story Brick Double Dwelling, in good condition, containing ten rooms, besides pantry, wash house and coal house, marble mantle in parlor, range in kitchen, hot and cold water up and down stairs. Also, a good stone spring house, and a good stable with tenant house over.

The grounds comprise fourteen acres under good cultivation, with a young orchard of choice fruit in bearing, also, small fruits and ornamented shrubbery.

This location is unsurpassed for pleasantness and for extensive and beautiful views. The attention of those desiring an elegant suburban property is invited to this sale and visitors invited to examine the premises. The sale will be positive, so that this will be a special opportunity for purchasing a desirable property. Possession given to purchaser.

A. M'ILWAINE, my17 Auctioneer.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

115 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S FIRE-PROOF Lamp CHIMNEYS.

Je10:e28

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH-S

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Troy Hill was lively with four picnics yesterday.

Mayor Drum disposed of four common cases yesterday morning.

Fine strawberries are now selling in market at 65 cents a quart.

The grading and paving of Webster avenue, from Roberts street to Kirkpatrick commenced yesterday.

In consequence of the success of Mrs. Slack Davis' grand exhibition, she has been induced to repeat the same on Tuesday, May 10.

The Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company are repairing the pavement on Carson street, along the line of their track.

Committed.—Malinda Lucas, of police fame, was arrested yesterday on a bail piece and committed to jail to answer a charge of robbery, at the next term of Court.

Deserted.—Catharine Hamilton made information before Alderman Lindsey, yesterday, against John Hamilton for desertion. The accused was arrested and held for Court.

Dr. Gleason lectures in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny city, this evening, on the Heart and Blood, splendidly illustrated with numerous French manikins, models, &c.

Held for Court.—Bridget Brightmore was arrested yesterday, and held for Court on an informatfon for adultery, preferred against her by Mary Johnson before Alderman Lindsay.

Street Commissioner McFadden should make the Wylie street Passenger Railway fix the different holes on their track, between Fifth avenue and High street, at once or the city will be called on to pay damages.

Not Insane.—The woman who was taken to the lock-up, yesterday, at the instance of her husband, who stated that she was insane, was discharged yesterday morning, and we are informed that she is not insane.

Committee Meeting.—The Executive Committee of the G. A. R., appointed to make arrangements for Decoration Day, will meet at three o'clock this afternoon at City Hall. A full attendance is requested.

Another Raid —The police made a raid on a den in the Seventh ward last night and arrested four of the inmates, all males. They were locked up and their cases will be disposed of at the morning court this morning.

The property owners of Roberts street, Eleventh ward, are anxious that the viewers appointed by Councils to view the street, should take action on it at once, or decline to act, as they are anxious to have the street opened.

Disorderly.—Michael Janon made information, yesterday, against Patrick and Margaret Connelly for disorderly conduct. The parties reside on Duquesne street. The disturbance was created on Sunday evening. Warrants for the arrest of the accused were issued.

Inconstancy.—James Brightmore is urgently requested to call at Alderman Lindsay's office to explain himself in relation to an information for desertion, lodged against him by his wife, Bridget. The police have been notified to inform James of the affair.

We would call the attention of Mayor Brush to the fact that the gas lamps on Washington street, near the Grain Elevator were not lit on Sunday night. As this place is noted for highway robbery, &c, we think the policeman on this beat should keep his lamps always burning.

The Gas Company have concluded to lay gas pipe on Bedford avenue from Gum street to the old city limit. The Company should continue their main pipe on Webster avenue while the street is being graded and paved, as the street is thickly populated and will pay for the investment.

Decoration Day.—The ladies of the Monumental Association are requested to meet at City Hall, this afternoon at two o'clock, to make arrangements for participating in the exercises on "Decoration Day." All are urgently requested to be in attendance, and to be promptly at the place.

A gentleman who indulged in a sight of the Pittsburgh elephant yesterday, started out with six hundred dollars in his pocket and brought up at the tombs with a remainder of thirty-five dollars. Where his money went he couldn't say, but he thought his newly found associates were not all honest.

Stable Robbed.—Chief of Police Bowden, of Allegheny, yesterday, received a telegraphic dispatch from Warren, Ohio, stating that two horses and a light spring wagon had been stolen from a stable in the vicinity on Sunday night. The thieves are supposed to have started this way. The police are on the look out for them.

Two Charges.—John O'Brien made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday morning, against Ellen Noran for surety of the peace and assault and battery. The parties are neighbors, residing on Etna street. Ellen, according to the allegations, struck John a stunning blow on the head and threatened to demolish his wife. Warrant issued.

False Alarm.—About half-past eight o'clock last night there was an alarm of fire from box 52, corner of Fifth avenue and Pride street, which, however, proved to be false. The engines in that district responded promptly, but were unable to find any fire. The Duquesne hose carriage broke a wheel in turning the corner of Third avenue and Grant street.

A Case Settled.—Catharine Kelner made information before Justice Heisel, charging her husband, Frank Kelner, with habitual drunkenness. She alleges that he is an habitual drunkard, and neglects to provide for the support of herself and family. The accused was arrested and taken to the Justice's office, when the case was amicably settled.

Light.—The effects of the stringent enforcement of the Sunday liquor law in this city was noticeable at the Mayor's Morning Court yesterday. Formerly, the Monday Morning Court was the largest of the week, and nine out of every ten cases were the result of Sunday liquor selling. Yesterday morning, instead of thirty cases, there were but ten, a falling off of two-thirds.

Generous Deed.—We have heretofore spoken of the bravery and heroic exertions of Mr. A. T. Brodie in recovering the body of the unfortunate Caven from the ruins of Finch's distillery. Yesterday Mr. Brodie was made the recipient of one hundred dollars from his employer, Mr. Finch, as a slight token of the estimation in which he was regarded for his humane and praise-worthy conduct.

More of It.—Carter Moore and John Harris, colored, encountered each other on Logan street, Sunday evening. The shock was quite violent, causing Carter to measure his length on the side walk in a very undignified manner. Yesterday morning, as a sequel to the affair, an information was made before Alderman Butler, in which Moore appeared as plaintiff and Harris as defendant. Alderman Butler's police are anxious to see Harris.

Too Much Whisky.—Thomas Hodgins was picked up in the Diamond, yesterday about eleven o'clock, by officer Moore and taken to the lockup. He had taken too much whisky aboard, and it appears had fallen and struck his head against the curb stone and cut a severe gash above the right eye. Dr. McCook was summoned and dressed the wound, which, although a fearful one, was not of a serious nature, as the bone was not fractured.

A Rush.—The day of grace extended to teamsters and others required to take out a vehicle license, having expired on Saturday, Chief of Police Hague notified the officers to arrest all persons violating the law, and bring them to the Mayor's office, and the result was a regular jam at the Mayor's office. Between forty and fifty persons were arrested, but in no case, we believe, was the fine imposed. The offender was required to pay the officer's cost and take out the license.

T. B. Wakefield, Esq., a gentleman from Montgomery, Alabama, and connected with the *Daily Mail* of that city, is now in Pittsburgh as agent for the Alabama Manual and Statistical Register, a valuable work full of information concerning the condition and resources of Alabama. Mr. Wakefield proposes calling personally, we believe, upon our citizens, to whose attention we recommend his book, of which we speak in another column.

Revolver Stolen.—Mr. Jordon, a gun smith on Fifth avenue, in the Sixth ward, came to the Mayor's office yesterday and stated that a revolver had been stolen from his shop. It appears that two men called to get a gun which had been left at the shop for repairs, and immediately after they left he missed a revolver which had been lying on the counter. He did not know the names of the persons whom he suspected of stealing it, nor where they reside.

Sunday Liquor Cases.—Michael Sweney and John McDonald were charged before the Mayor, yesterday, with selling liquor on Sunday. The action was brought to recover the penalty of fifty dollars. The accused will have a hearing at two o'clock to-day.

The odium which originally attached to the person who informed on these violators of law is fast giving way, and, instead, attaches to the man who sells the liquor.

Ferocious Dog.—Thomas Irvin made information before Justice Ammon of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging Nicholas Schwartz with keeping a ferocious dog. The accused resides in Ormsby Borough and the prosecutor alleges that while passing along the street yesterday morning, defendents dog came out on the sidewalk and bit him on the leg, tearing his pants and lacerating the flesh. He further alleges that the dog is a ferocious brute and that defendant knows him to be so. A warrant was issued for Schwartz.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.

John Meyer made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday morning, charging George Smith, John Smith, David Franz, Anton Baldorf and Anton Hoffman, with aggravated assault and battery. He alleges that the accused came to his house, in Lower St. Clair township, Saturday night, and called him out. Not knowing what they wanted he went out to see, when, without any provocation on his part, they attacked and beat him in a shameful manner. His injuries although severe are not of a serious nature. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

A Good Idea.

The authorities of Allegheny have recently commissioned parties to remove all the dead animals, offal, &c., which may hereafter collect in the streets of the city. Persons knowing of the existence of these nuisances should leave a notification of the same at the Mayor's office, which will receive prompt attention. The plan is a good one, and, besides costing nothing in being carried out, will undoubtedly work much better than the system heretofore in force, which, practically, was of very little benefit. The Allegheny authorities seem to be wide awake in regard to sanitary regulations.

A Scoundrel.

On Sunday night the glass in the large and elegant front window of the Third Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, was broken in several places by some malicious scoundrel, who threw a number of stones through it, and unfortunately escaped detection. The perpetrator of such a dastardly act certainly needs a little discipline, which he seems in a fair way of getting—of that healthful kind only derived from solitude, a light diet of bread and water and exhiliarating exercises with the ball and chain appendages in the institution, especially prepared for such as he, over the river. It is to be hoped he will yet be ferreted out and put through a proper course.

Row in Pleasant Valley.

Yesterday afternoon, three young men, giving their names as Barclay, Kennedy, and Dunn, stopped at the tavern of George Slentz, in Pleasant Valley, Second ward, Allegheny, and succeeded in a few minutes in creating a disturbance with the proprietor. They were ordered out of the establishment, but instead of obeying the polite invitation, attacked Mr. Slentz, it is said, beating him over the head with a chair and otherwise severely abusing him. They were finally expelled, and next turned their attention to the windows. Fortunately, they had not long amused themselves in this manner when a couple of policemen, happening to arrive in the vicinity, took them in custody. They were locked up for a hearing this morning. The injuries of Mr. Slentz are of a quite serious character. His head is cut in several places, and the bruises on various parts of his body attest very forcibly the fierceness of the attack. Dr. Hamilton rendered him medical assistance.

THE COURTS.

United States Circuit Court—Judge McCandless.

MONDAY, May 17.—The case of Colon vs. Hunter *et al.*, previously reported, was resumed and is still on trial.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

MONDAY, May 17.—The case of John Young vs. The Little Saw Mill Run Railroad Company was taken up. Action on the case to recover damages. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

84. Sweeny adm'x vs. Wolf.
79. Sullivan vs. Reese, Graff & Dull.
80. Cusick vs. same defts.
87. Harr vs. McGowan.
88. Faas vs. Cochran.
89. Balden vs. Morrison, Koegler & Co.
90. Jenkins & Co. vs. Hades.
91. McKee & Co. vs. Fawcett.

Common Please—Judge Mellon.

MONDAY, May 17.—Court met at 10 o'clock, A. M. Hon. Thomas Mellon on the Bench. The following business was transacted:

Dyer vs. Wightman. Action to recover rent due. The plaintiff in the case obtained a lease from M. McD. Smith of a tract of land lying between Washington street and the old Pennsylvania Canal in the Fourth ward, Allegheny, which he afterwards sub-leased to the defendant. Subsequently the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company took possession of the land, and Mrs. Smith, widow of M. McD. Smith, in whom was the legal title to the land, obtained damages from the railroad company. The defendant, Wightman, contended that this was an eviction from possession of the land, and refused to pay the rent. The jury found for the defendant.

The case of Emanuel Rugh vs. David Martin was next called, and the plaintiff failing to appear either in person or by attorney, was non suited.

International Co-operative Foundry of Pittsburgh vs. A. C. Bentz. Action on book account to recover for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $250, the full amount of the claim.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

No. 117. Dixon *et al.* Fleming.
" 68. Hoeveller vs. Mugle *et al.*
" 143. The American Iron Mountain Co. vs. O'Connor.
" 122. Laughlin vs. Burns *et al.*
" 67. Long vs. Brown.

MARCH LIST.

" McGrady vs. McGrady.
" 1. Roberts vs. McGraw.
" 2, Risher vs. Gormley.
" 3. Kramer vs. Mondreon.
" 4. G. P. B. & L. Association vs. Bischoffeberger.
" 5. Quince vs. Adams Ex. Co.
" 6. Kaltenborn vs. Staudt.
" " Jones vs. Stacy.
" 10. Martin vs. Mullen.
" 11. Same vs. Same.

Violators of the Sunday Law.

Informations were made before the Mayor yesterday against the following named persons for violating the Sunday law:

Mrs. Stout was charged with selling segars at her stand, No. 79, Fifth avenue.

L. Peterson a segar dealer on Fifth Avenue, was charged with the same offense. These are actions to recover the penalty of $25, and the accused will have a hearing to-day.

George Robinson made information against Mary McCoy for selling liquor on Sunday, to recover the penalty of $50, and also a prosecution under the penal code. A warrant was issued.

Casper Schoffner made information against Frank Mason for selling on Sunday. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and he was also proceeded against to recover the penalty of $50.

Proceedings of the same nature were also instituted against W. J. Robinson and Wm. McDonald.

Interesting Case.

A suit is now pending in the Supreme Court Circuit of New York City, in which Mr. Cyrus H. McCormick sues the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the recovery of $12,000, the value of a lot of baggage destroyed by fire. The baggage, it seems, was brought to the Company's depot, in Philadelphia, March 11th, 1862, for shipment West, but a dispute arose in regard to the freights, and McCormick concluded not to send it. By this time, however, it had been placed aboard the train, which started immediately and conveyed it to Pittsburgh. It was here stored in the depot of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, and destroyed by the burning of the building. The baggage consisted of a number of trunks filled with jewelry and other valuables.

Since writing the above, we learn by telegraph that the suit has been decided, the jury returning a verdict of $10,660 in favor of the plaintiff, to which the Court subsequently allowed in addition $500, making the total amount of damages obtained $11,160.

Lay Delegation.

Active preparations are in progress among the congregations of the various Methodist Episcopal churches in the vicinity to take the vote on the question of lay delegation, as prescribed by the General Conference at its last session in Chicago. There is no stated day for the vote, each congregation having authority to arrange this matter independent of others, with the single restriction that it be taken during the month of June, 1869. The question is one which has long agitated the denomination, but heretofore, as was evidenced by a former vote, a large majority have been opposed to the change, which, if made, will almost revolutionize the church government. Of late years, however, it has gained many friends, and as opinions at present stand the chances seem to be decidedly against its opponents. A public meeting in reference to the matter will be held next Monday evening in the Smithfield M. E. Church, at which Bishops Simpson and Kingsley are expected to deliver addresses. Two such distinguished speakers will undoubtedly attract a large audience and make the meeting one of unusual interest.

A Superb Barber's Saloon.

The numerous customers of the late H. B. Williamson will be glad to know that the business is to be continued under the management of his son, Mr. John S. Williamson, and that the establishment, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, which was before in advance of all others in Allegheny, has recently been thoroughly overhauled, renovated and refurnished, and now has no superior in the cities. The half dozen assistants, so long and favorably known for their skill and polite attention, are retained, and whether the customer desires a shave or bath, or hair cut, curled or frizzled, or his hair or whiskers juvenated, or needs to be leeched or cupped, he will find all these comforts and luxuries exactly to his taste at Williamson's. Ladies and misses are waited upon by Mrs. Williamson and her assistants in private apartments provided for the purpose.

Misplaced Confidence.

A few days ago, Josephine Woods, in an unpropitious hour, committed a misdemeanor, for which she was ruthlessly seized and condemned to spend a number of days behind the iron bars, and surrounded by the solid masonry of Warden Scandrett's hospitable mansion. Just previous to bidding adieu for a time to the vain world, she called her faithful friend Clemnets, alias John Richards, to her side, and with feminine confidence entrusted to his care the keys to her domicile and her trunk, containing all the valuables in dress, &c., which she could call her own, receiving in return his promise that for her sake all should be carefully guarded and returned at the proper time. This matter being satisfactorily adjusted, she retired to the quarters assigned her, while John wended his way to other scenes, musing doubtless on the strange mutations of life. His reflections seemed, however, to have taken a practical turn, for in a few hours he sought the society of another female friend, of which he seems to have many, and in a short time succeeded in forgetting the sorrows of his former Dulcinea. Indeed it would seem that the influence of the latter friend, Mary Malone, was of such a character that very soon he forgot his promise and delivered to her the key which provided access to the treasures placed in his care. Thus affairs remained until yesterday morning, when John and Mary happened themselves to forget the law, and were sent to soothe Josephine in her solitude. The quick eyes of this female were not long in discovering in the gorgeous apparel in which her rival was arrayed, a close similarity to that entrusted to the care of her admirer, John. Further investigation revealed the fact that the articles were the same, and the treachery of John was thus developed. Aggrieved and indignant, Josephine at first refused to be comforted at this betrayal of her confideuce, but finally composed herself for revenge and sumoning that obliging official, Alderman Donaldson, to her cell, she made information against the twain for larceny, the estimated value of the goods being $16. The Alderman after hearing statements from all the parties interested, lodged commitments against John and Mary, which will necessitate their remaining under Warden Scandrett's care until the next term of Court. So Josephine had her revenge.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—This evening "Humpty Dumpty" will again be presented at this place of amusement. Being the two hundredth time the pantomime has been performed by the troupe, it is proposed to make it a grand gala and memorial occasion, and accordingly, many new scenes, tricks, and transformations have been added and the whole performance rejuvenated. Other new and striking novelties will also be introduced, which promises to make the entertainment one of unusual merit and attractiveness.

THE MUSEUM.—The museum still occupies a place among the attractions for amusement seekers. It is an entertainment which seems to be highly appreciated, an evidence that it is of a first class character.

PITTSBURGH TAEATRE.—That inimitable burlesque, the "Forty Thieves," continues to attract large audiences to the "Old Drury." As this is the last week it will be exhibited, those who wish to see it and enjoy a hearty, healthful laugh, should attend the first opportunity. To night Gus Williams, the unapproachable, will assist in the performance.

THE RENEGADE OF THE POTOMAC.—The great success which attended the representations of this patriotic drama last week has induced the Committee having the matter in charge to reproduce it, at the Academy of Music, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings. An opportunity is thus offered for all who were disappointed heretofore to attend, and, aside from spending an enjoyable evening, to lend aid to a noble and charitable cause.

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The Weather.

MR. EDITORS: The indications of the last lunar month were as correct as could be desired. It was stated there would be rain enough to germinate the seeds; that the inclinations were to be dry and a pleasant lunar month, which proved so. The record from April 13th to May 11th, shows fourteen variable and cloudy, ten of rain, one of snow, fifteen of sunshine and six frost days, and two thunder showers. Daily average of thermometer, fifty-four degrees. River seven feet. Rain gauge out of order, no report.

Indications: From 11th of May to 9th of June show a dark, wet month; twenty-one cloudy and variable, seventeen rain, eight clear sunshine days, probably two or three frosts—that depends on the continuance of a long northeast or east wind. Rain storms if not severe are useful to thin out the superabundant blossoms, also as the cause of generating more rain, of which it is but seldom we get too much in May or June. The season so far is the most promising of any we have noticed for years. There is but one drawback—the soil was not frozen in the Winter so deep nor so hard as usual; hard freezing renders it mellow and more productive when sufficiently wet. The most dangerous time for frosts is from the 15th to 31st of May. It is most likely we shall have abundance of thunder showers between the present period and July. The present storm, by a sudden clear off, threatens to be followed by a frost, but if the nights remain cloudy there is no danger, or if it passes off by a south or southwest wind.

May 17th, 1869. G. A.

Auction Sales of Real Estate.

The following sales take place this week:

On this Tuesday, at 3 o'clock, P. M., four acres in McNaugher's plan, head of Federal street, Allegheny.

On Wednesday, to-morrow, Mr. Bissel's fine property in Perrysville, Ross township.

On Thursday, at 11 o'clock, the late McHeslens property, at Haysville.

On Thursday, at 2 o'clock, five acres in Breed's Grove.

Particulars may be had of A. Leggate, Auctioneer, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

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[From the Health Reporter.]

Systems of Practice.

The medical world has become divided into so many different cliqus, isms and pathies, that our peculiar system of practice may need some explanation, it being the ECLECTIC connected with UROSCOPIA.

Our remedies are principally vegatable, discarding entirely the use of *Calomel* or *Mercury in any form*, believing it to be a disease-creating of the worst description.

We are also opposed to the use of general blood-letting in any case, believing it to be injurious to the constitution, and oftentimes dangerous to life.

Our mode of detecting "chronic affections" of the internal organs, is principally by an examination of the *urine*.

During the whole course of our study and practice we have paid particular attention to this old "German Mode" of detecting diseases, and we feel perfectly satisfied that "there is no more certain sign offered in disease," than presented in that secretion.

Therefore, we now more especially invite all those laboring under any lingering disease that has not been cured, because, perhaps, the complaint was not properly understood, to send a vial of their *urine* for examination, and have the necessary medicines sent them. We wish it distinctly understood that this "special" invitation is given to those who have sufficiently tried the remedies of their family physicin, and haue failed to obtain relief at his hand.

This is our privilege and right as physicians, and it is the right and privilege of the afflicted to obtain their professional advice and medicine where they choose. Our office and residence is at No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, where if any others choose to apply we will give them our best medical attention, and will promise them relief in every case where a reasonable hope can be entertained.

L. OLDSHUE, M. D.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, May 17, 1869:

Chas. T. Ihmsen et al. to Washington Beck, April 12 1869; three lots on Centre st cet, Birmingham, each 20 by 80 feet.....6,000
J. n. Smith to James Lacock, May 13, 1869; lo on Pump alley, Allegheny.....$600
Margaret Coulter to Thos. Lamb, May 12, 1860; lot No. 3 Second street in Countersville containone-fourth of an acre.....$50
Thos. Lamb to Hannah Boden, September 7 1863; the above described lot.....$410
Hannah Boden to John C. Gorman, January 20, 1864; the above described lot.....$410
Thos. S. M ple to Jas. McGonigal, Dec. 31, 1868; lot No. 113 plan of Allentown, 25 by 150 feet $238
Wm. M. Darlington to Jno. Raab, May 15, 1869; lots No. 41, 43 and 45 Darlington's plan on O'Hara st cet, Allegheny, 25 by 90 feet....$1,8.0
B. Worth to R. Jeffrey, February 21, 1851; lot in North Fayette township, containing 10½ acres.....$675
Elizabeth Miller to A. P. Black, January 7, 1869; lot on Fleming street, Third Ward, Allegheny, 20 by 90 feet.....$1,050
Geo Corbett to Anthony Smith, November 7, 18 6; lot No. 76 Grosvenor street, Birmingham, 0 35 by 95 feet.....$300
Geo Grubb to Christ. Wagner, October 24, 1866; lot in Sharpsburg, 40 by 120 feet.....$350
Joseph Donaghy to Daniel Young, August 5, 1843; lot in Lathrope's plan, Rebecca street, 20 by 65 feet.....$650

MORTGAGES.

Same day eleven mortgages filed.

The End Not Yet.

Benton Smith and John McBratney, the parties arrested a few evenings since by officers Smith and Lafferty, of the Allepheny police, on suspicion of stealing lumber from a board yard on River avenue, had a hearing before Mayor Drum, yesterday morning, which resulted in their acquittal. The men had been observed about midnight tying a flat to the shore, in which a number of boards were piled, and the officers suspecting something wrong, arrested and conveyed them to the lock-up. The defendants at the hearing stated they had been rowing in a skiff near Herr's Island, when they caught the flat afloat, and were trying to land it when arrested. The officers in making the arrest fired several shots at the parties, who it is stated attempted to escape by jumping into a skiff and rowing off, but were thus brought to.

After they had been discharged by the Mayor, Benton Smith made information before Alderman McMasters against officers Smith and Lafferty for felonious assault, alleging they had fired several shots at him without warning or cause, thereby endangering his life. Warrant issued.

Silk Mantles.

The style of a garment is frequently of more importance to its appearance than the material of which it may be made. Every day more attention is being paid to style. A mantle being often the prominent feature of a lady's dress, it is especially commendable that it be selected with care and judgment, and, to this end, it will be necessary to visit a store where there is offered a large and varied stock of fashionable goods. Now, any lady about purchasing a silk mantle cannot fail to get something handsome, fresh and attractive at such a store as that of Messrs. Bates & Bell, 12 Fifth avenue. Messrs. Bates & Bell offer all the fine styles of the season, and show such a profusion of them to the purchaser that, perhaps, the only difficulty experienced lies in determining as to which is the most beautiful. It may be said with the fullest confidence that handsomer goods than these silk mantles now displayed by the firm, or more graceful styles, have never yet been shown to our public. The prices are always low and satisfactory.

The New York Tribune says the reason why PLANTATION BITTERS are so generally used is owing to the fact that they are always made up to the original standard, and of pure material, let the price be what it will. The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head, for PLANTATION BITTERS are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what they are made of, as the recipe is wrapped around each bottle. Don't go home without a bottle.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Unrivalled.—Pickled and Fresh Lobsters, Spiced, Fresh Cove and Pickled Oysters, Spiced Salmon, Anchovies, Pickled Limes, Spanish Olives, Virgin Oil of Aix, French and English Mustard, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, stuffed Mangoes and Peppers, Sauces, Jellies, Catsups, Marmalades, Jams, Extracts, Syrups, India Currie Powder, Dessicated Cocoa Nut, French Peas and Mushroons, canned Peaches, Pineapples, Plums, Cherries, Raspberries, Green Corn, Lima Beans, Peas, Asparagus. at 112 Federal street, Allogheny city. 3

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

A HORRIBLE accident occurred a fortnight ago at the Cirque Napoleon, in Paris. A rival of Robert Houdin, Dr. Epstein, has entertained the Parisian public at the Fantaisies Parisiennes, and subsequently at the Cirque Napoleon, by a series of legerdemain feats, amongst which was that of allowing himself to be shot at by any one who would load a pistol and fire at him. He offered the pistol to two of the audience, who successively refused the experiment. It was finally accepted by a gentleman, who loaded and handed the pistol to one of the Cirque servants. The man, as desired, fired on Dr. Epstein. He immediately exclaimed "I am killed," and fell, blood pouring from his mouth; a gaping wound in his breast being visible to the audience as he lay on the ground. The ramrod, by inconceivable carelessness, had not been withdrawn, and had consequently been shot right through the unfortunate exhibitor's breast. The rod was broken by the shock, and so violent was the ricochet that a fragment bounded back and struck the person who had involuntarily caused the accident. The sadness of the scene was increased by the frightful grief of two women, who, on seeing Dr. Epstein fall, rose from their seats and rushed on to the stage. They were the wife and daughter of the victim, of whose life there is little hope.

THE GREAT PEACE JUBILEE AT BOSTON can no longer be considered as a doubtful experiment. Financially, its success has been placed beyond peradventure, while musically, the indications are more favorable than the most sanguine expectations of its originators. The great chorus, the largest the world has ever seen, is now full, and the orchestral ranks are rapidly filling up. The superintendent of chorus has found it necessary to issue a circular stating that no more choral organizations can be accepted, and that societies already accepted must make no more additions to their numbers.

THERE is tribulation among the American residents in London. A young lady with wealth and ambition was wooed and won by a Sicilian Count. The trousseau was ordered; carriages built bearing coat of arms; and the wedding approached. But alas, the Count—proving to be "Count No Account" and a fraud generally, decamped, leaving the young American lady dissolved in tears, and the carriages and other superfluities for sale.

THE railroads of the world, at the close of 1868, are reported to have been in the aggregate 109,177 miles long. The comparative mileage of the different countries is given as follows: The United States, 42,255; Great Britain, 14,247; France, 9,934; Prussia, 5,926; Russia, 4,317, and Italy, 4,109. The total for Europe is 56,660; Asia has 4,474 miles; South America, 1,424; Australia, 789; Africa, 583.

MARRIED.

MCDONALD—SMITH—On Monday, May 17th, 1869, by the Rev. John Douglas, D.D., Mr. THOMAS J. MCDONALD, Dominion of Canada, and Miss MAGGIE M. SMITH, Portsmouth, Ohio.

CRUMLEY—STEVENSON—On Monday, May 17th, 1869, by the Rev. John Douglas, D.D., Mr. JAMES CRUMLEY and Miss ISABELLA STEVENSON, both of Bloomfield, Pittsburgh.

DIED:

CAVEN—On Friday, at 6 o'clock P. M., GEO. B. CAVEN, son of Major Wm. Caven, of McKeesport, aged 1 year and 13th Penna. Cav.

The funeral will take place from the Presbyterian Church on TUESDAY, 18 h inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

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REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

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